

Energy-Efficient Video Processing for Virtual Reality

Yue Leng*, UIUC

Chi-chun Chen*, University of Rochester

Qiuyue Sun, University of Rochester

Jian Huang, UIUC

Yuhao Zhu, University of Rochester



* Co-primary authors

Virtual Reality







Conventional Video Processing

Server



Client

Conventional Video Processing

Server



Client



Conventional Video Processing

VR Video Processing

Server



Client





Conventional Video Processing

VR Video Processing

Server



Client



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VR Video Processing

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Projective
Transformation

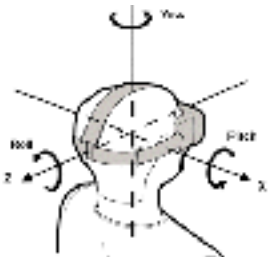
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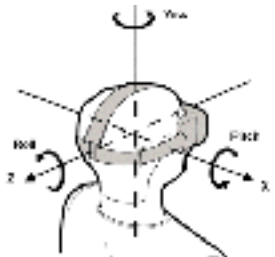
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VR Video Processing



Projective Transformation



Field of View (FOV)

Excessive Power Consumption

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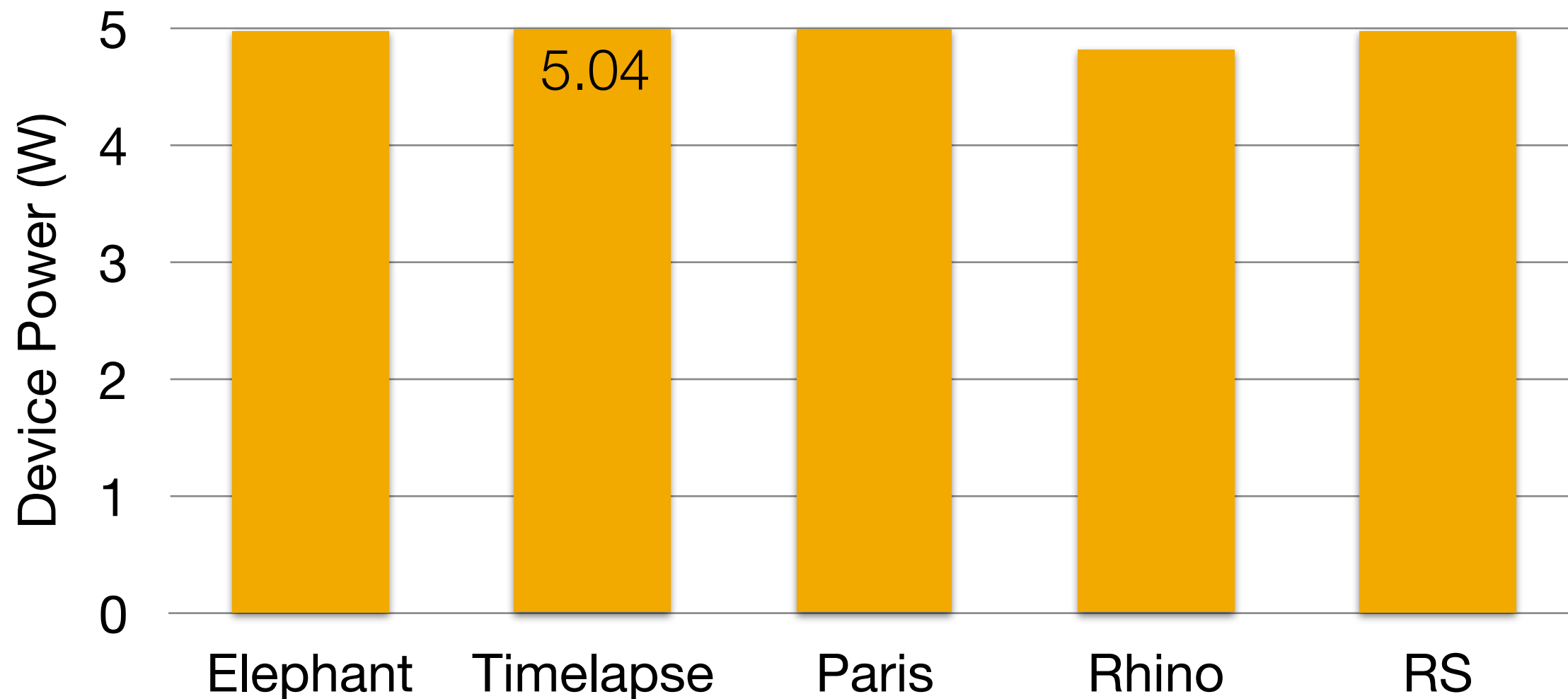
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- ▶ Benchmark: 360-Degree Video Head Movement Dataset

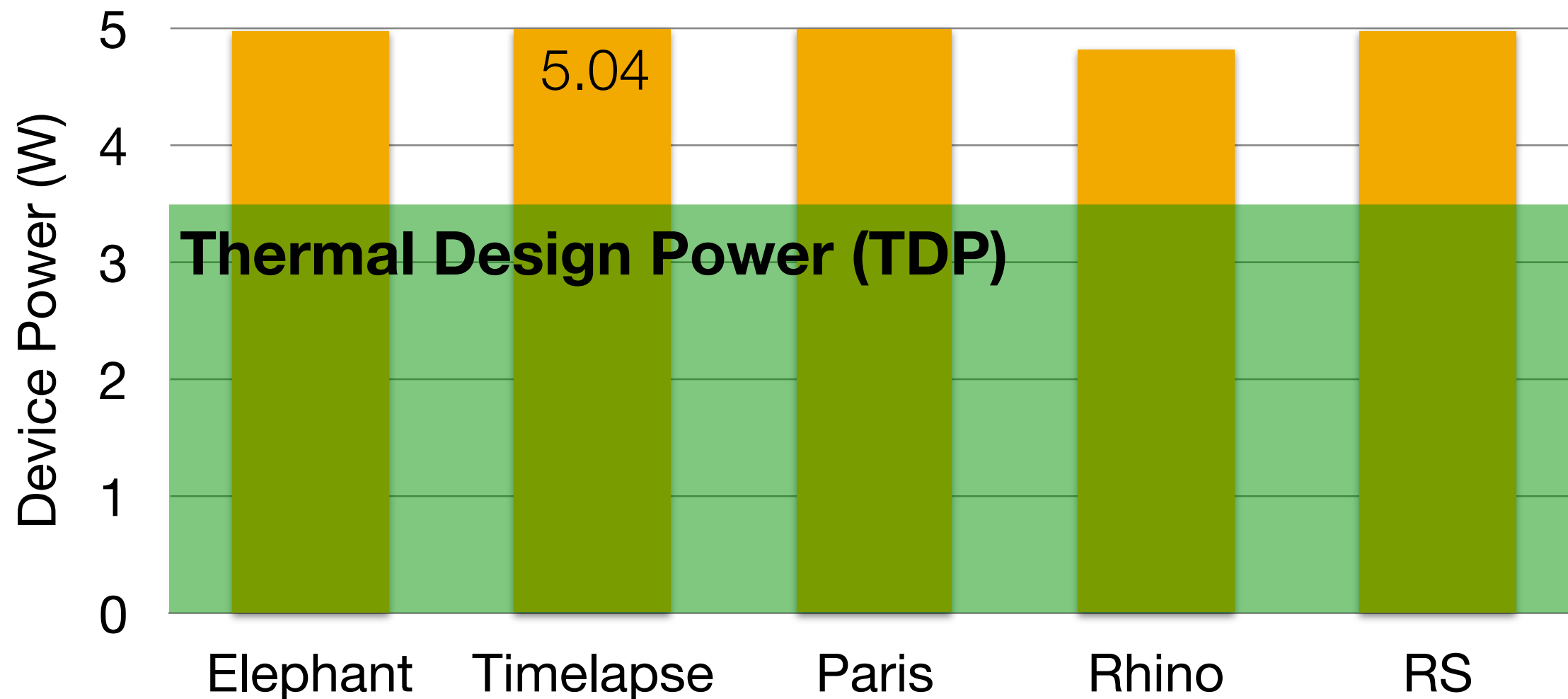
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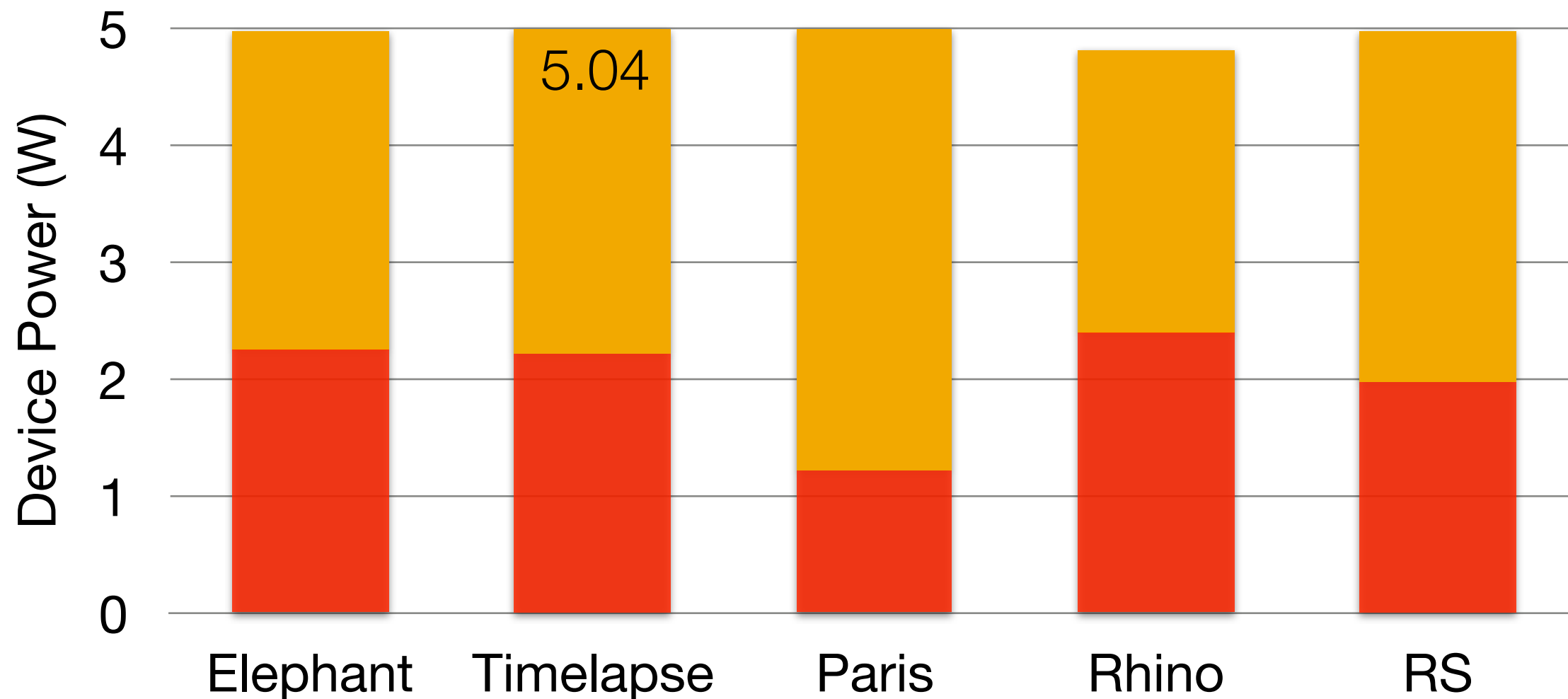
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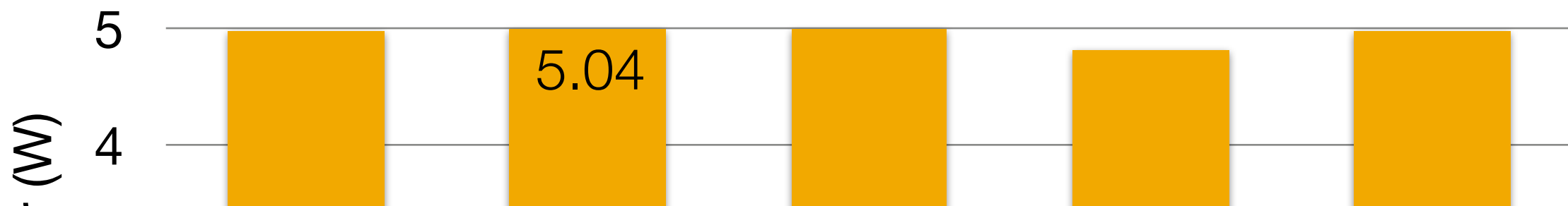
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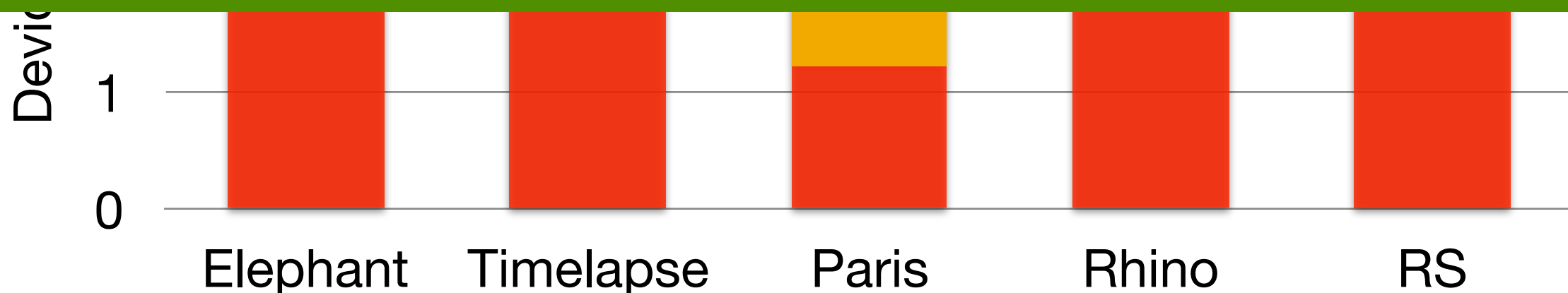


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Goal : Improve Overall Energy Efficiency



EVR

A Cloud-Client Collaborative VR Video System



Cloud

Semantic Aware
Streaming



Client

Hardware Accelerated
Rendering



Result

Up to **58%** Energy
Reduction & Only 1%
Frame Rate Drops

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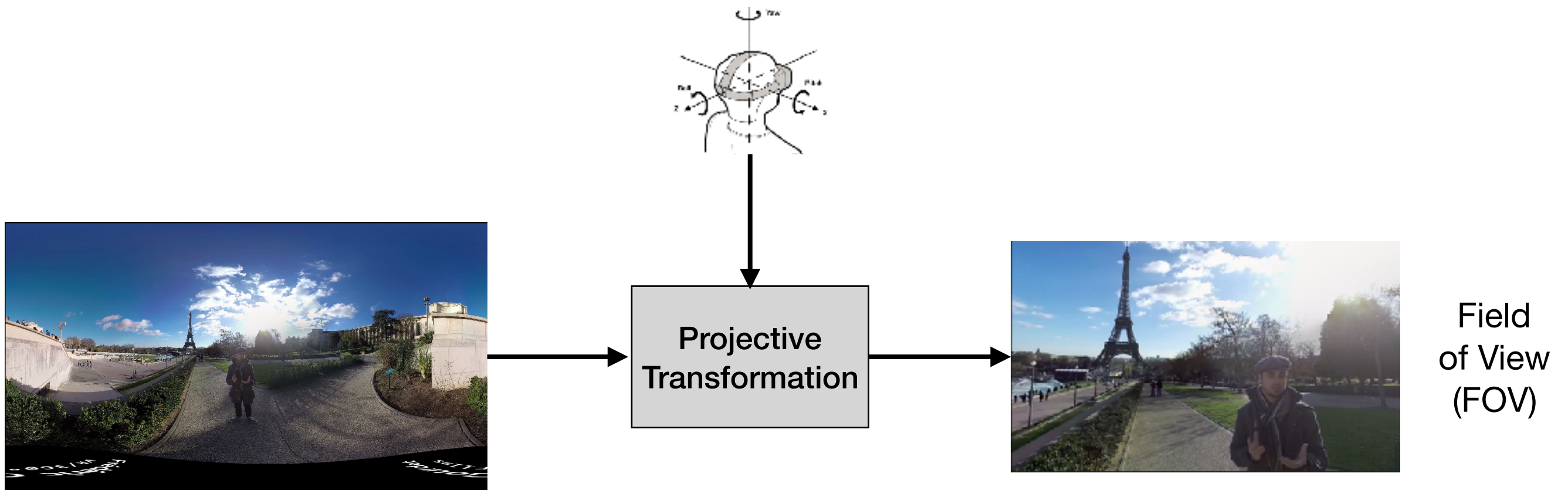
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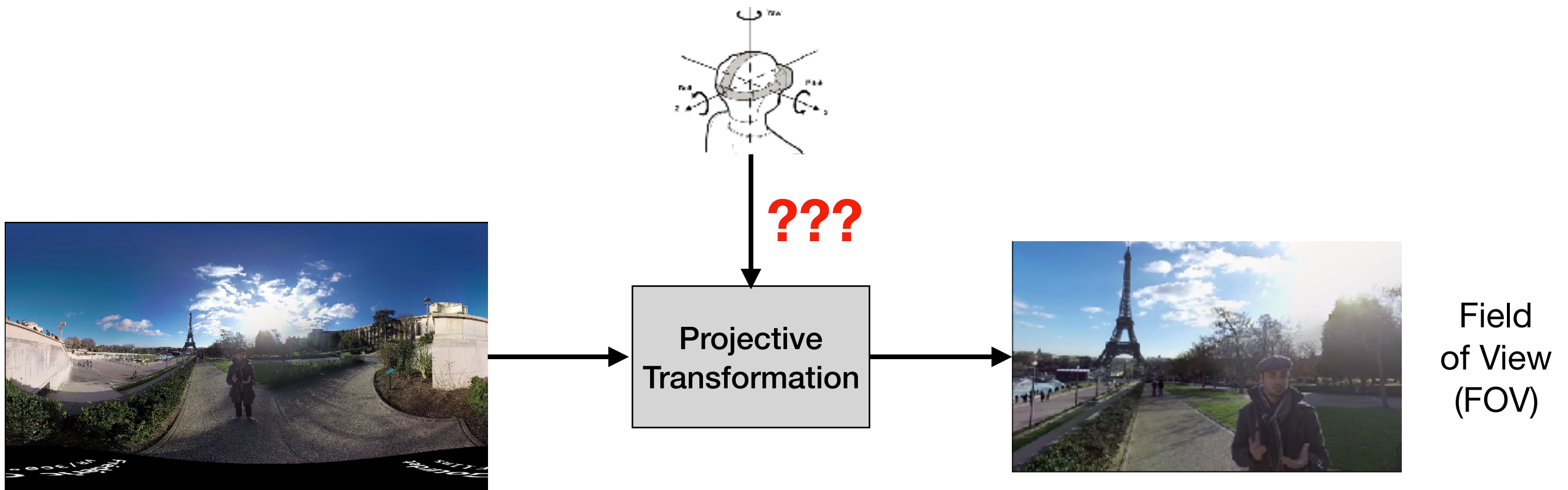
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Pre-render FOVs in the cloud



Pre-render FOVs in the cloud

- Challenge: How to obtain the viewing area without communicating with sensors on the client?



Leveraging Video Semantics Information

► Observations:

Leveraging Video Semantics Information

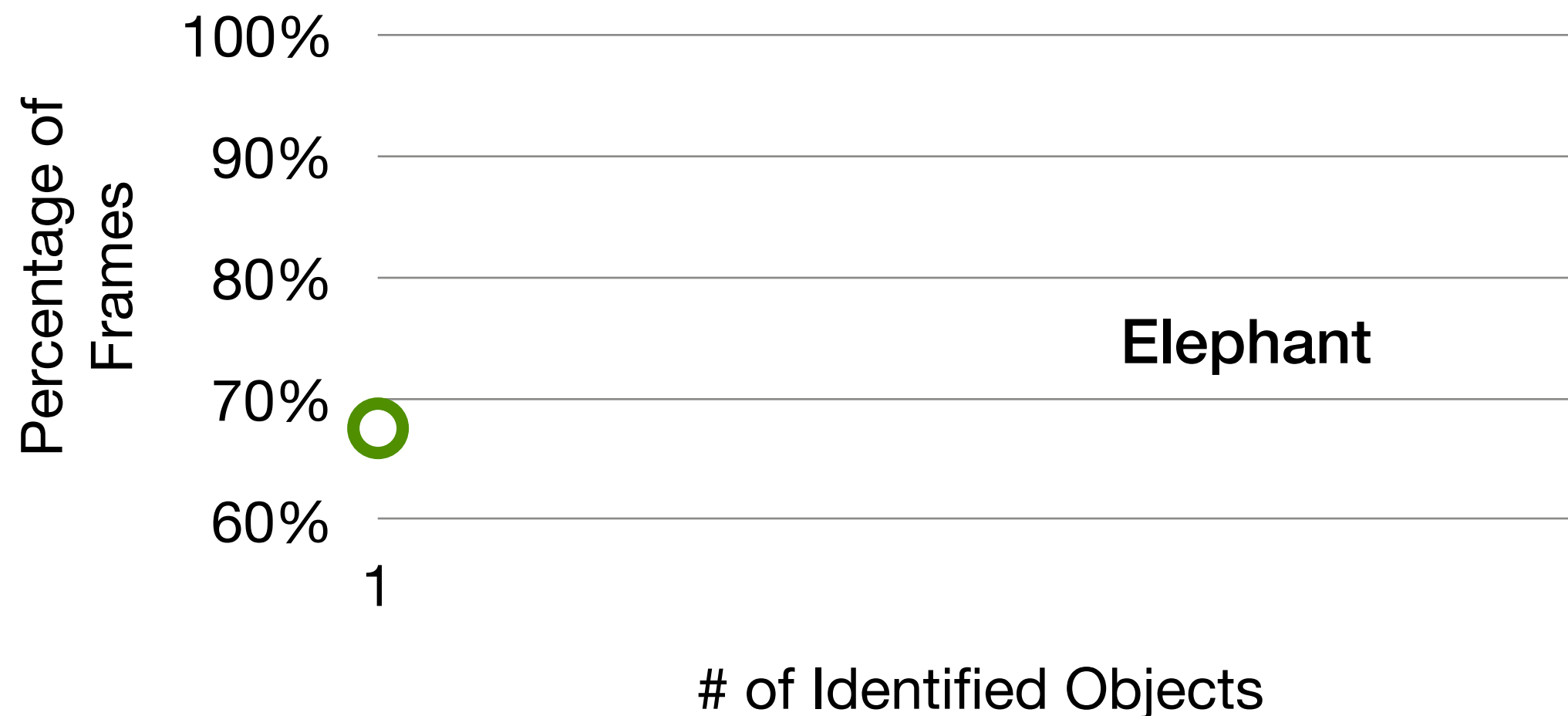
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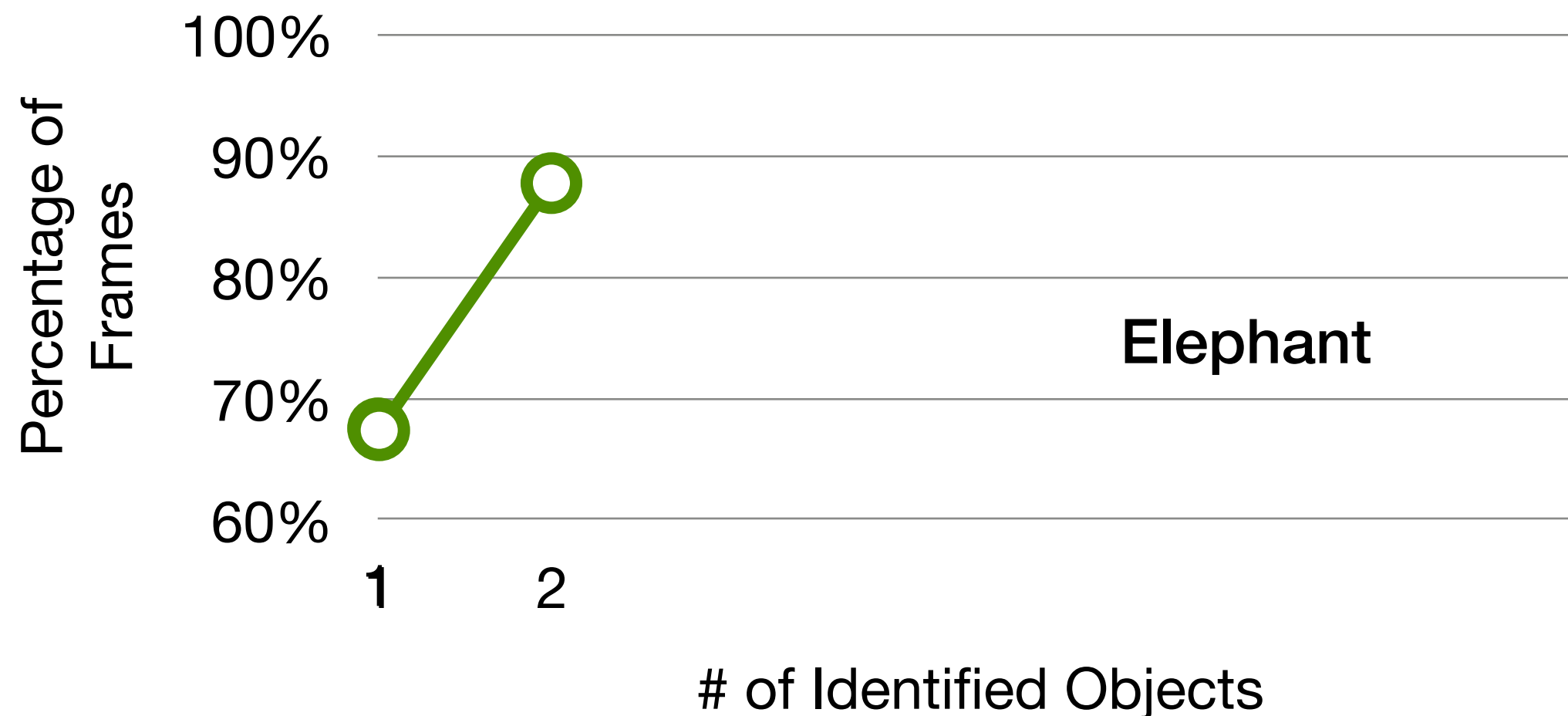
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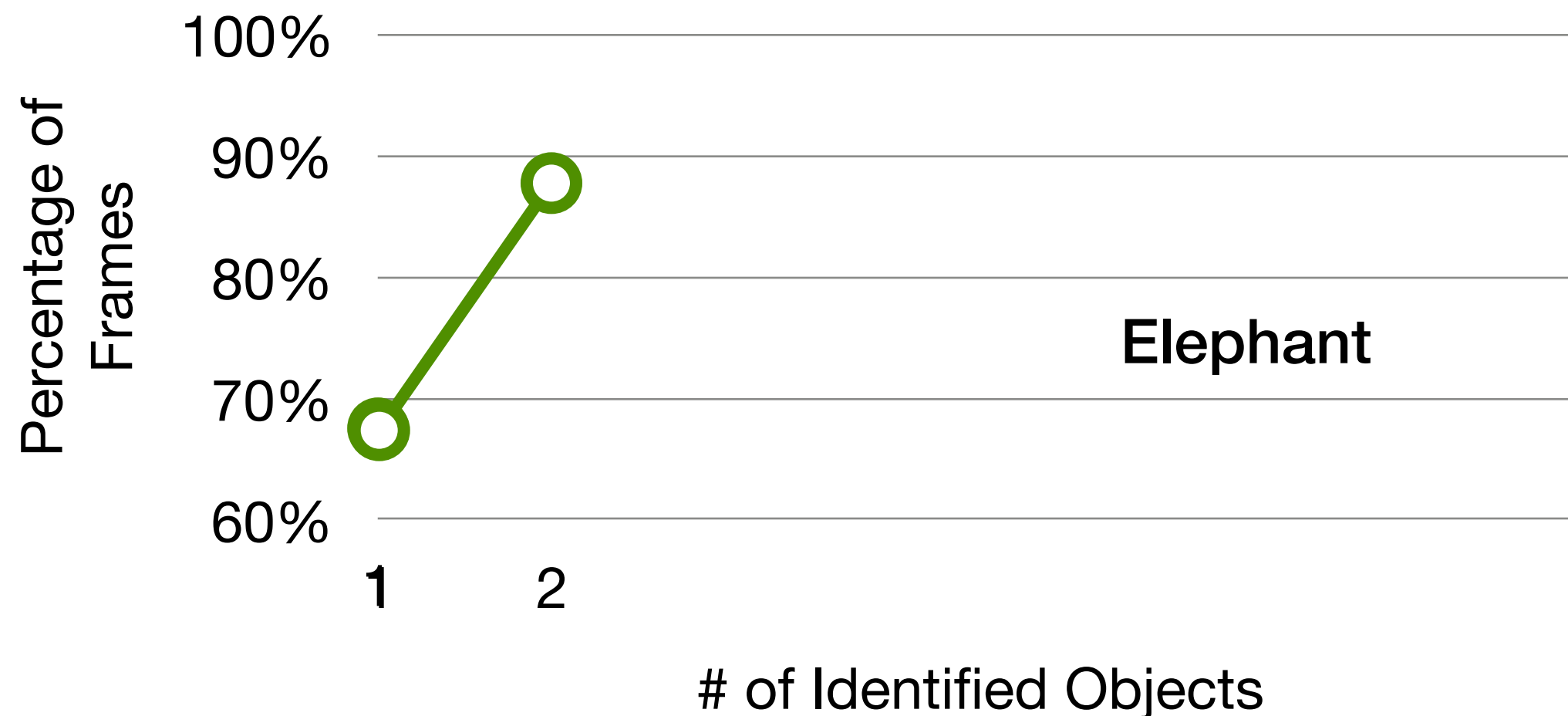
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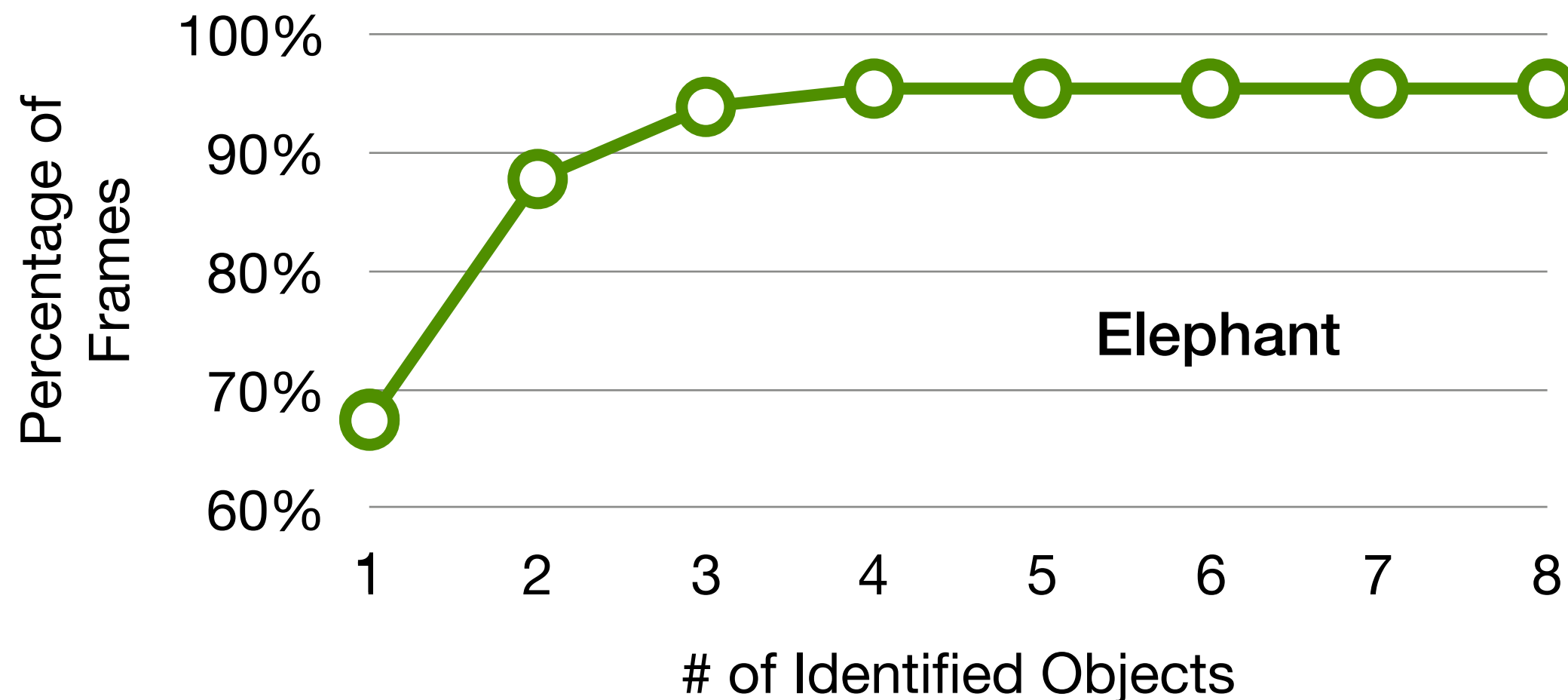
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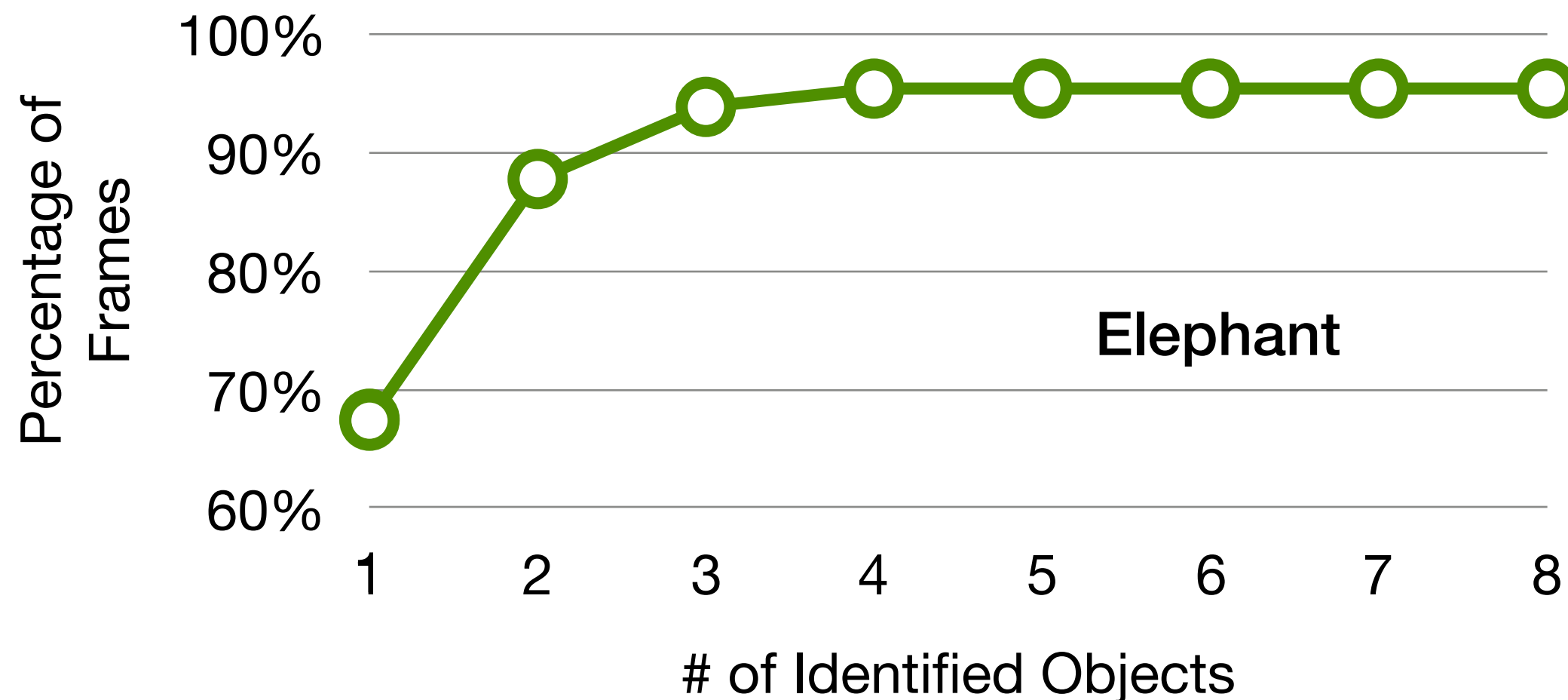
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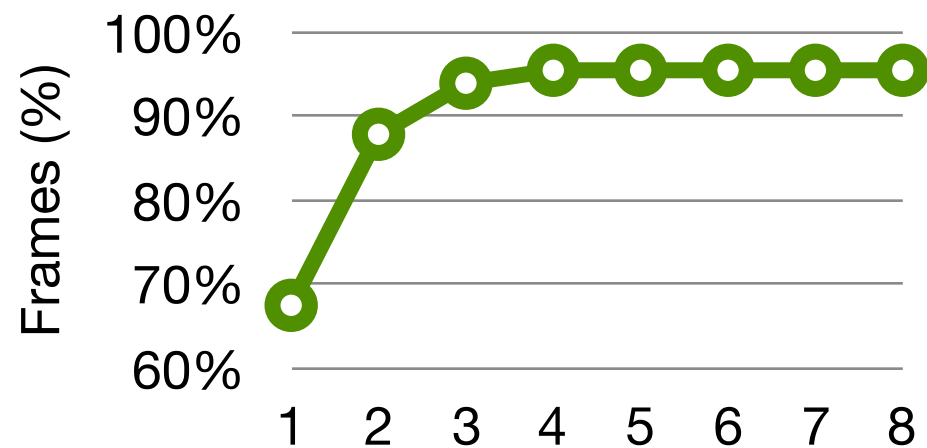
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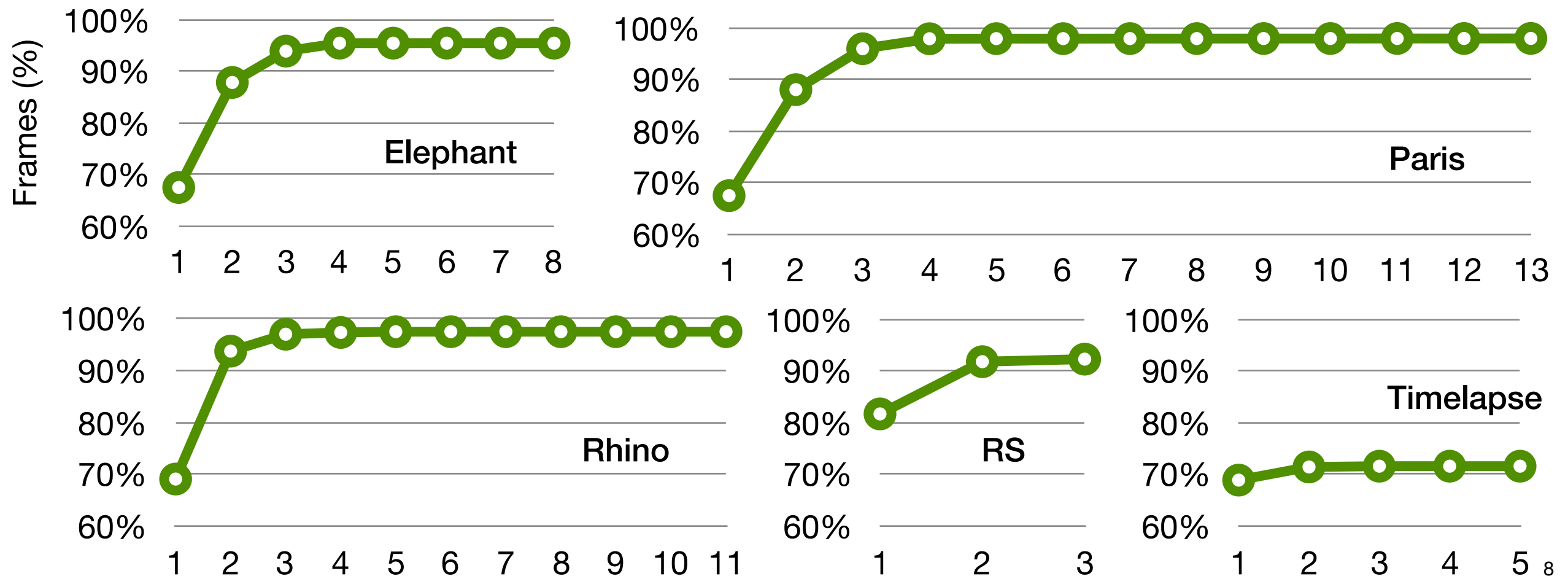
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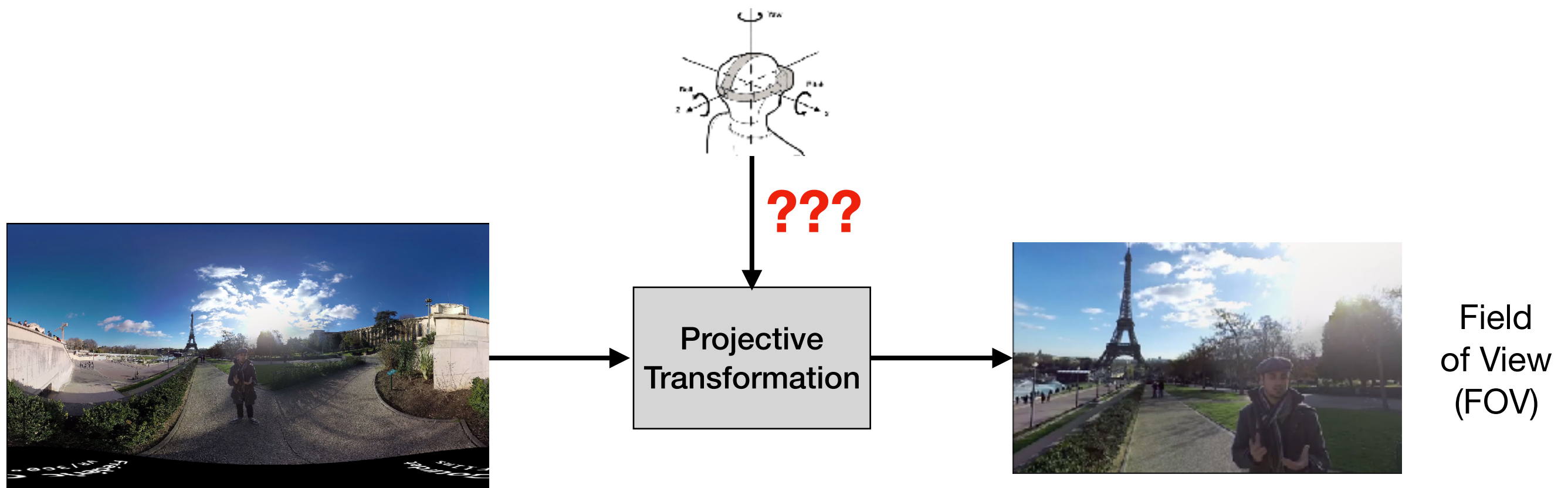
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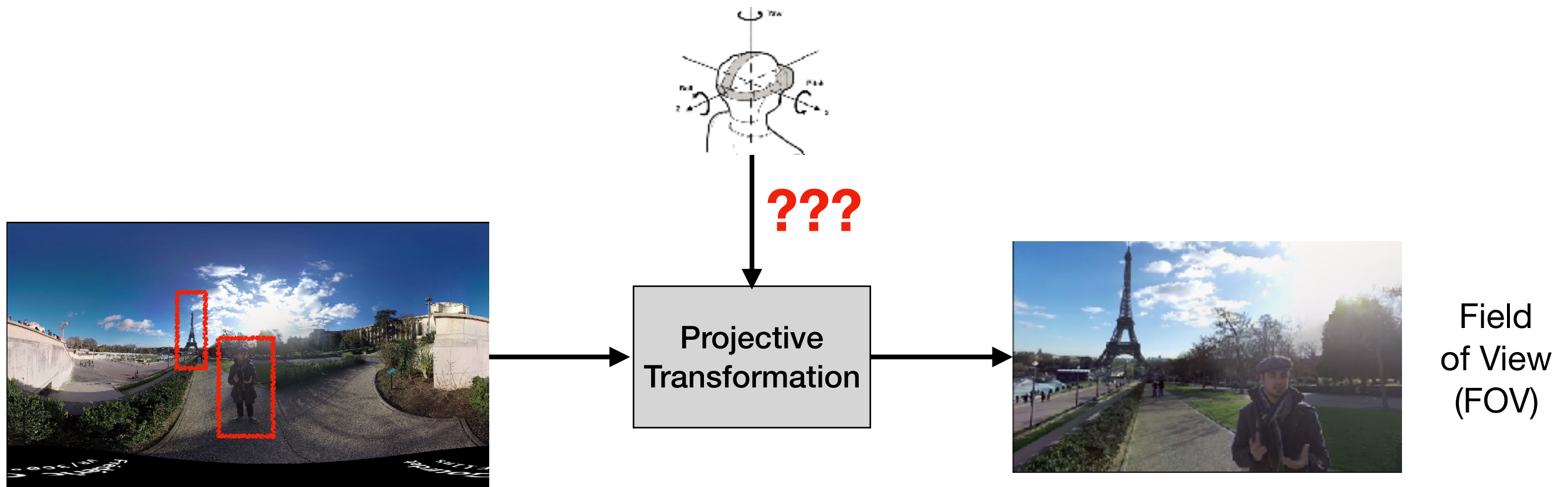
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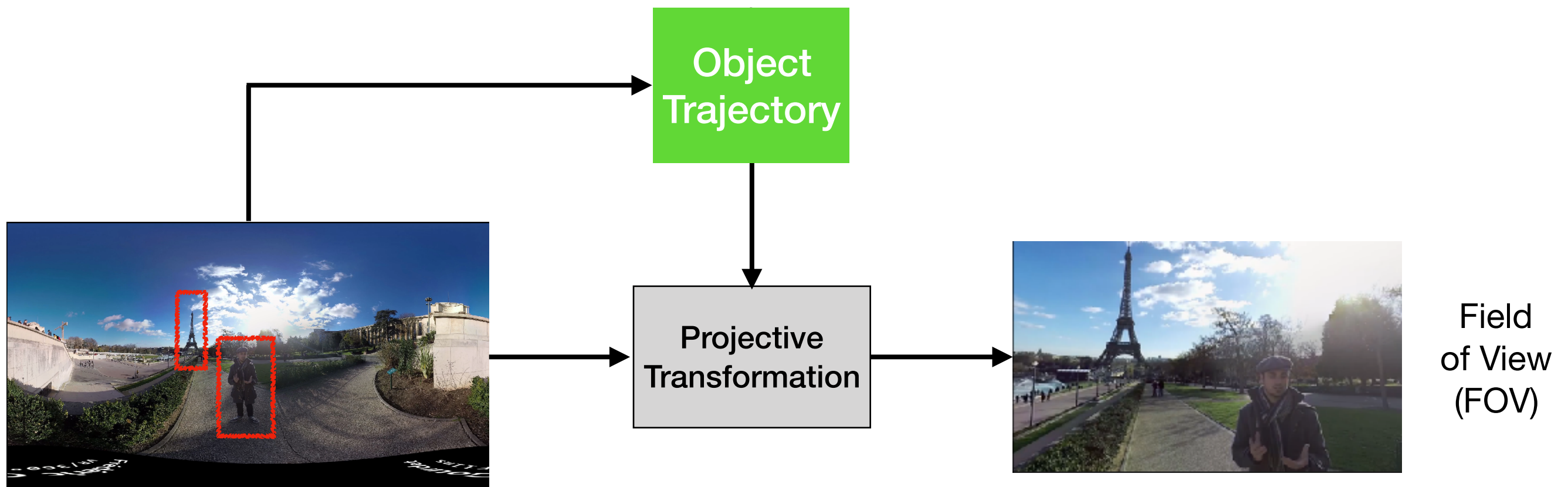
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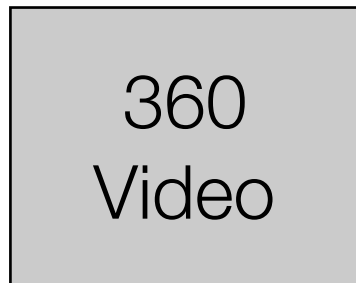
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- ▷ Object trajectory can be reused for multiple times

SAS Architecture Overview

Server



Client

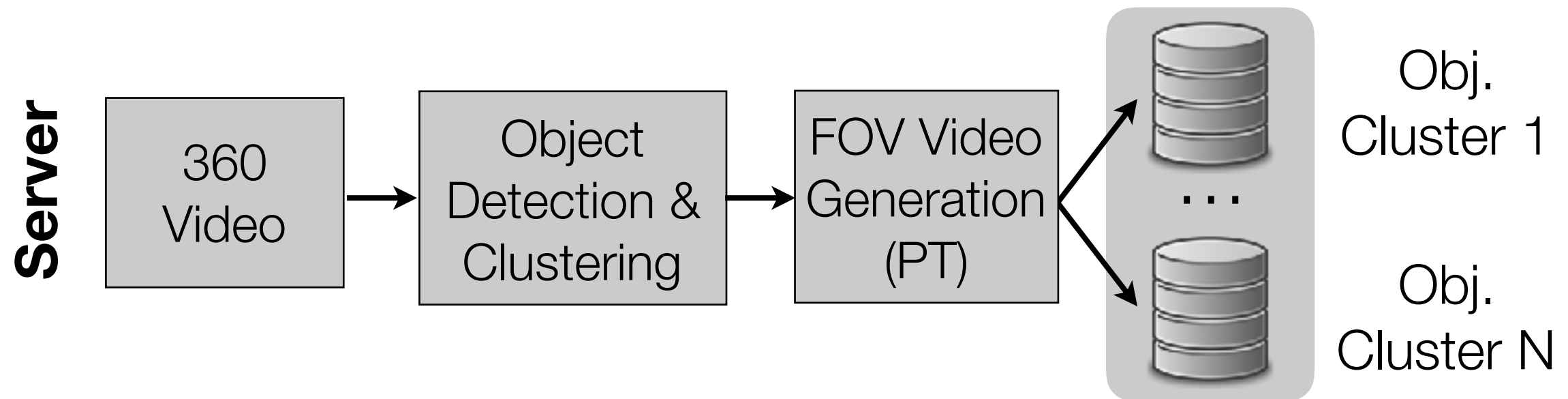
SAS Architecture Overview

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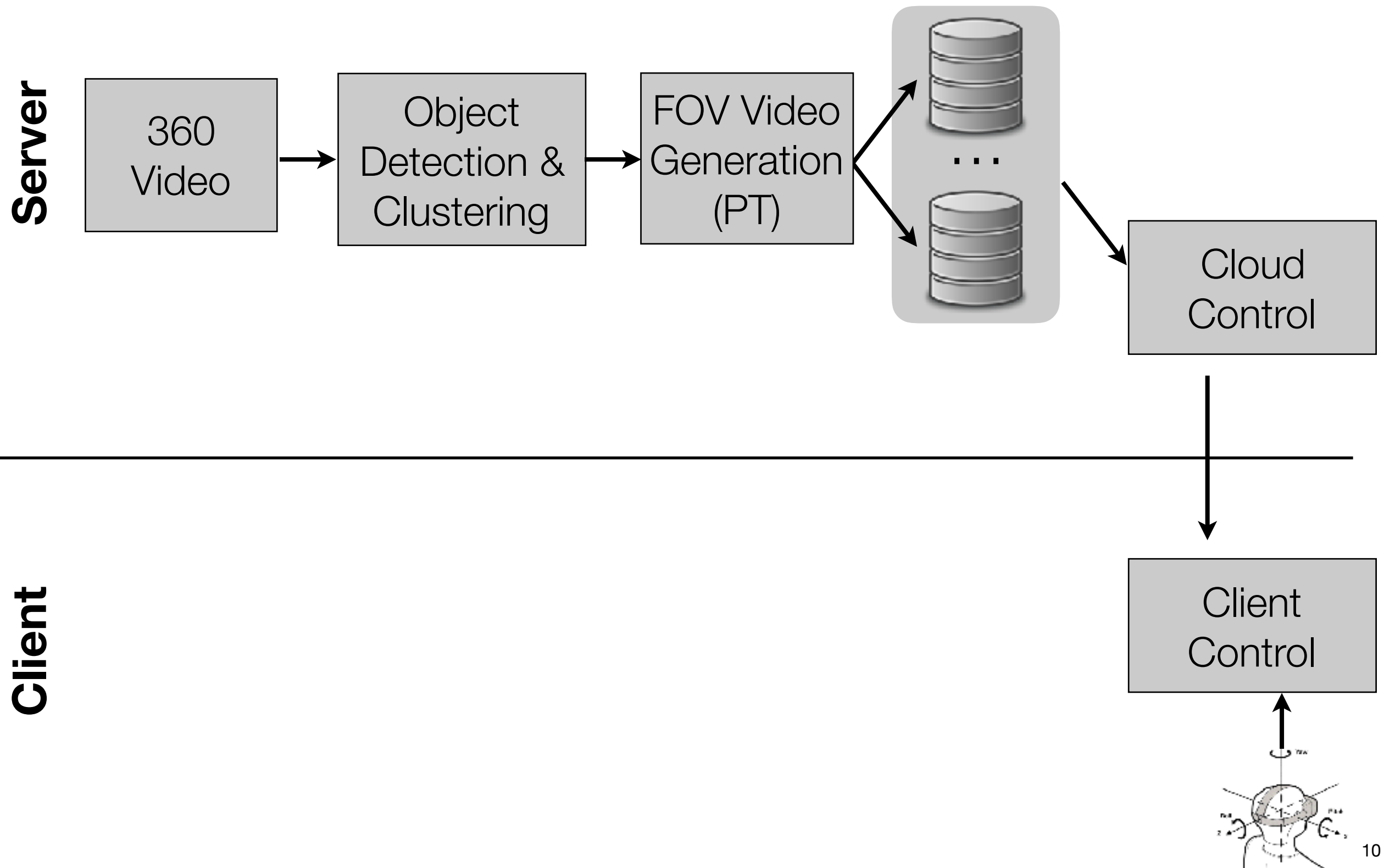
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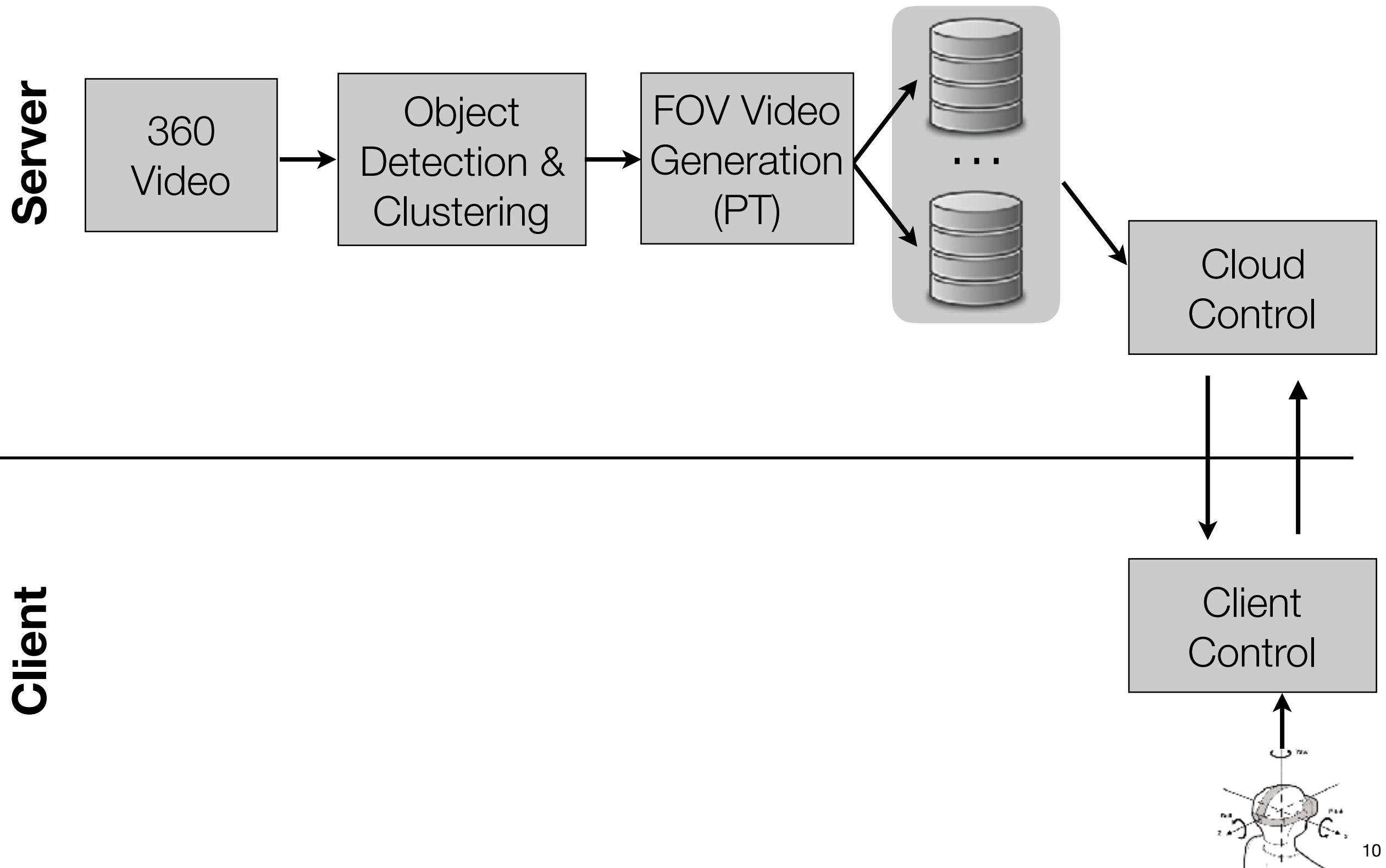


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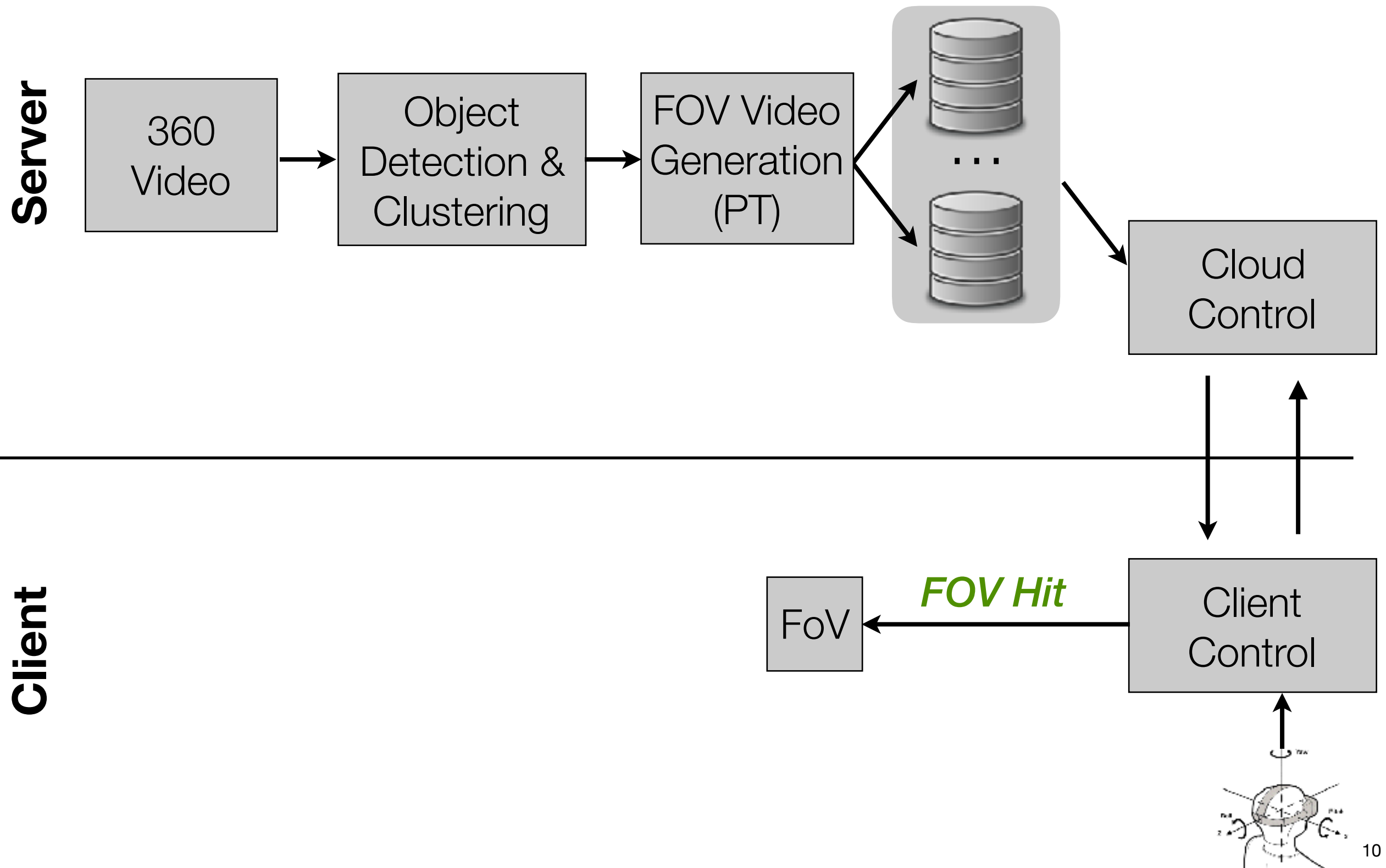
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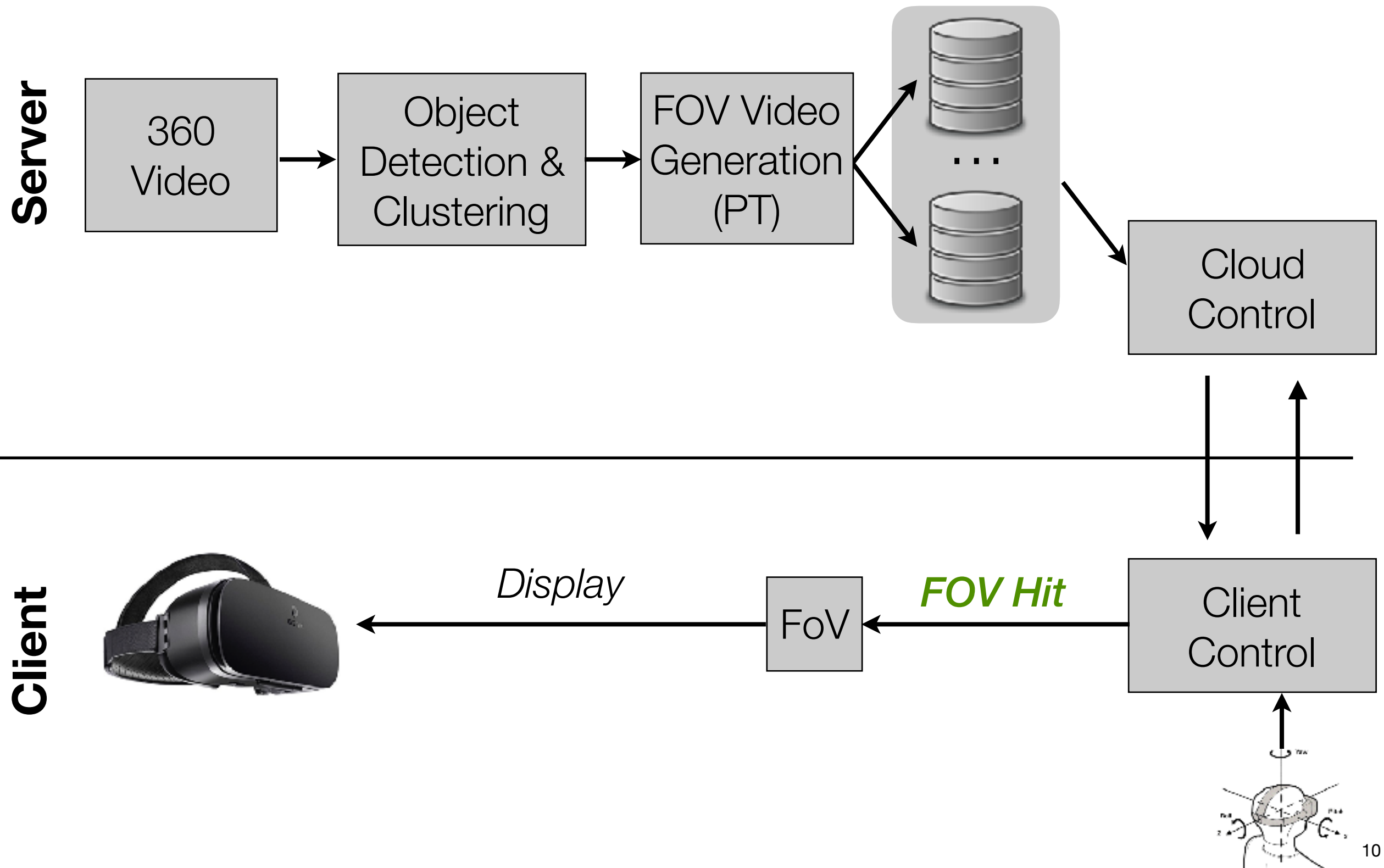
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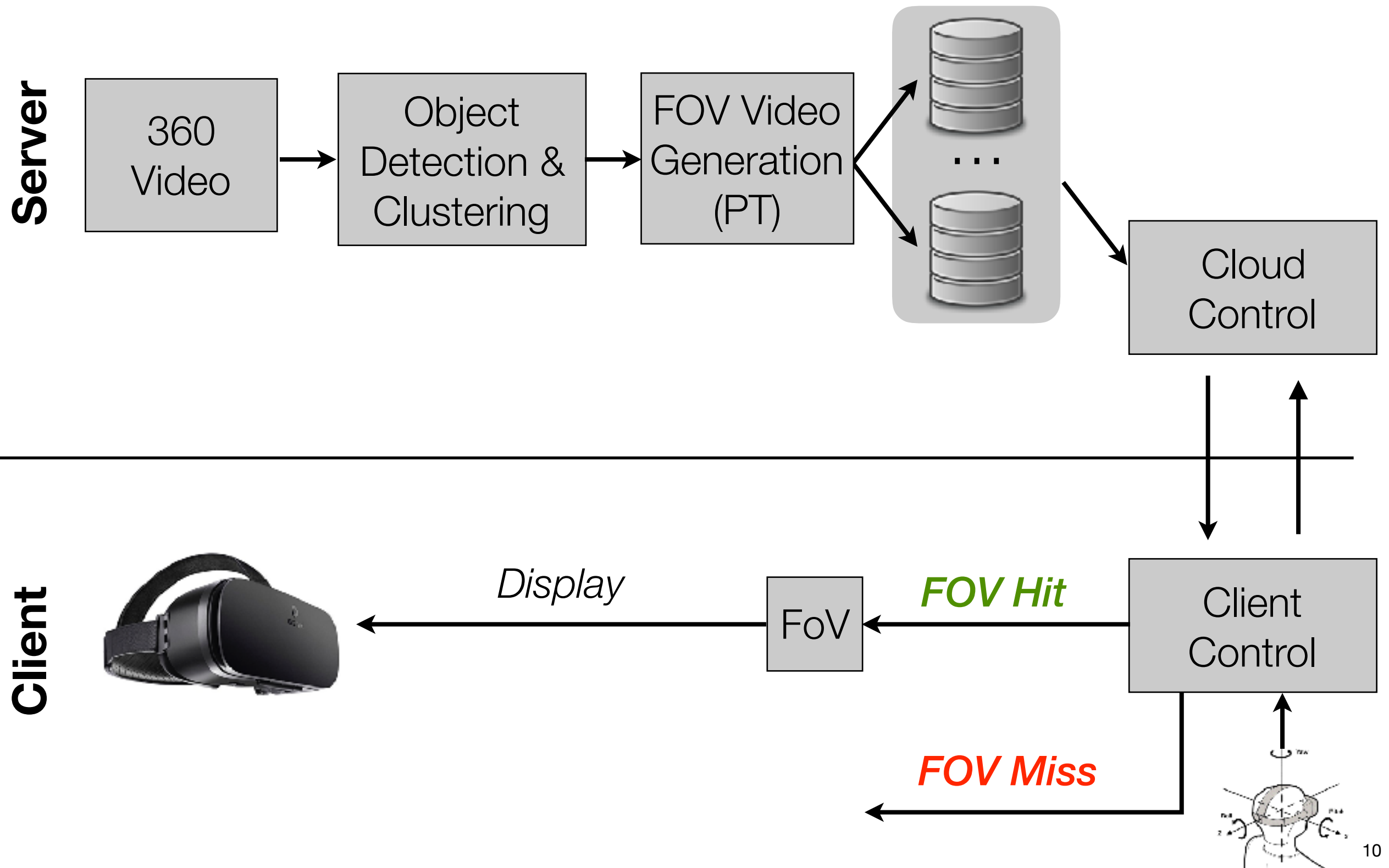
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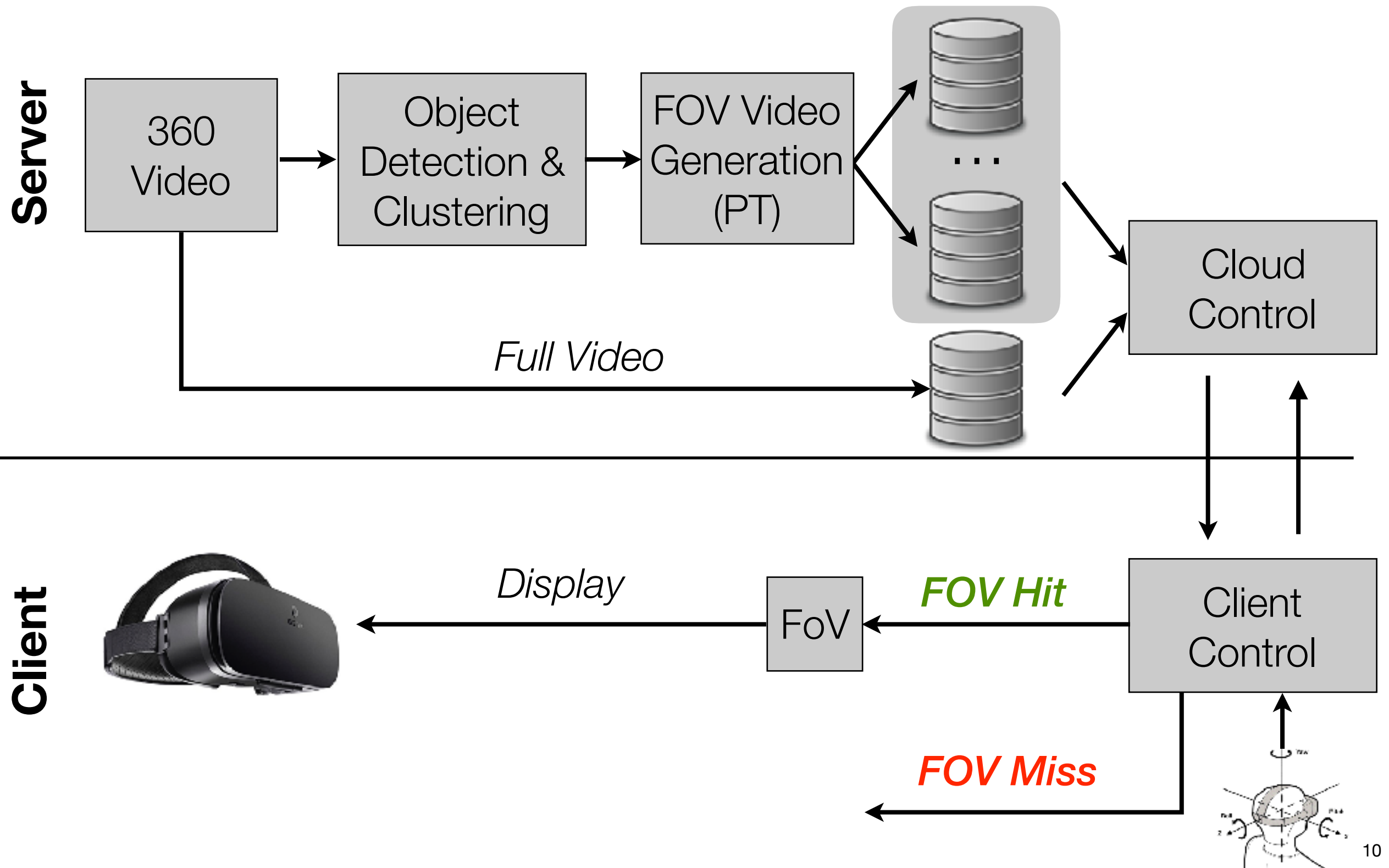
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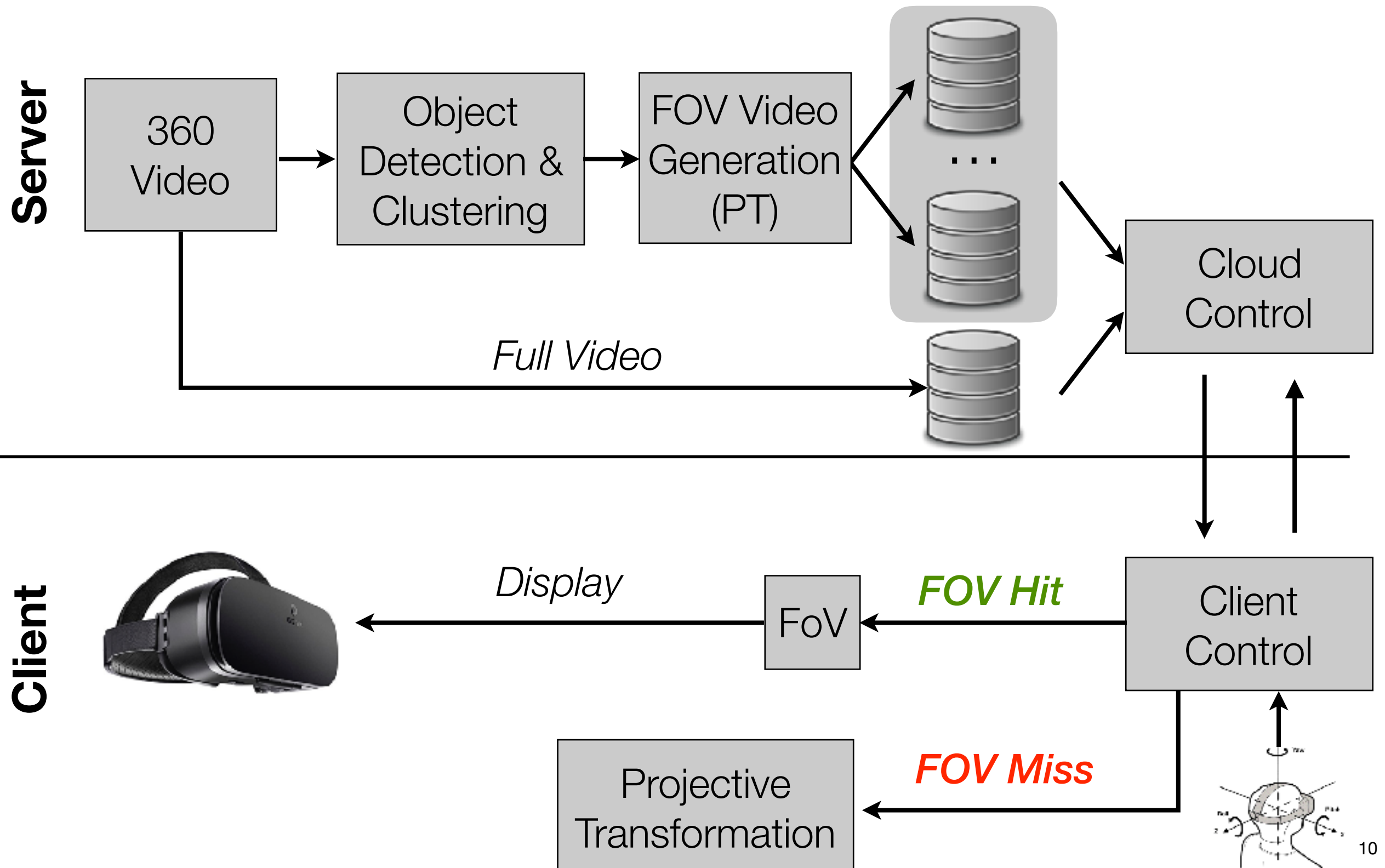
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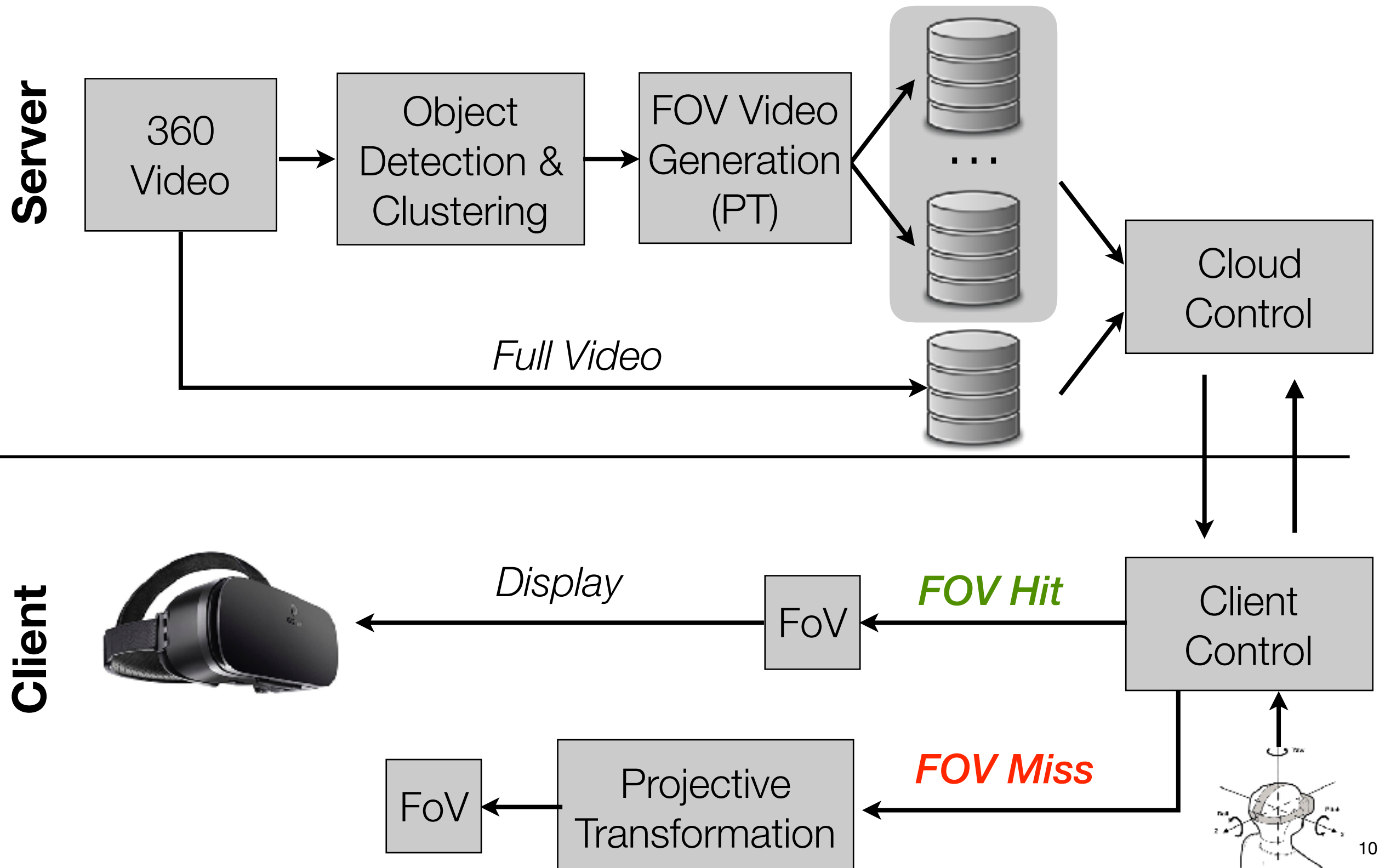
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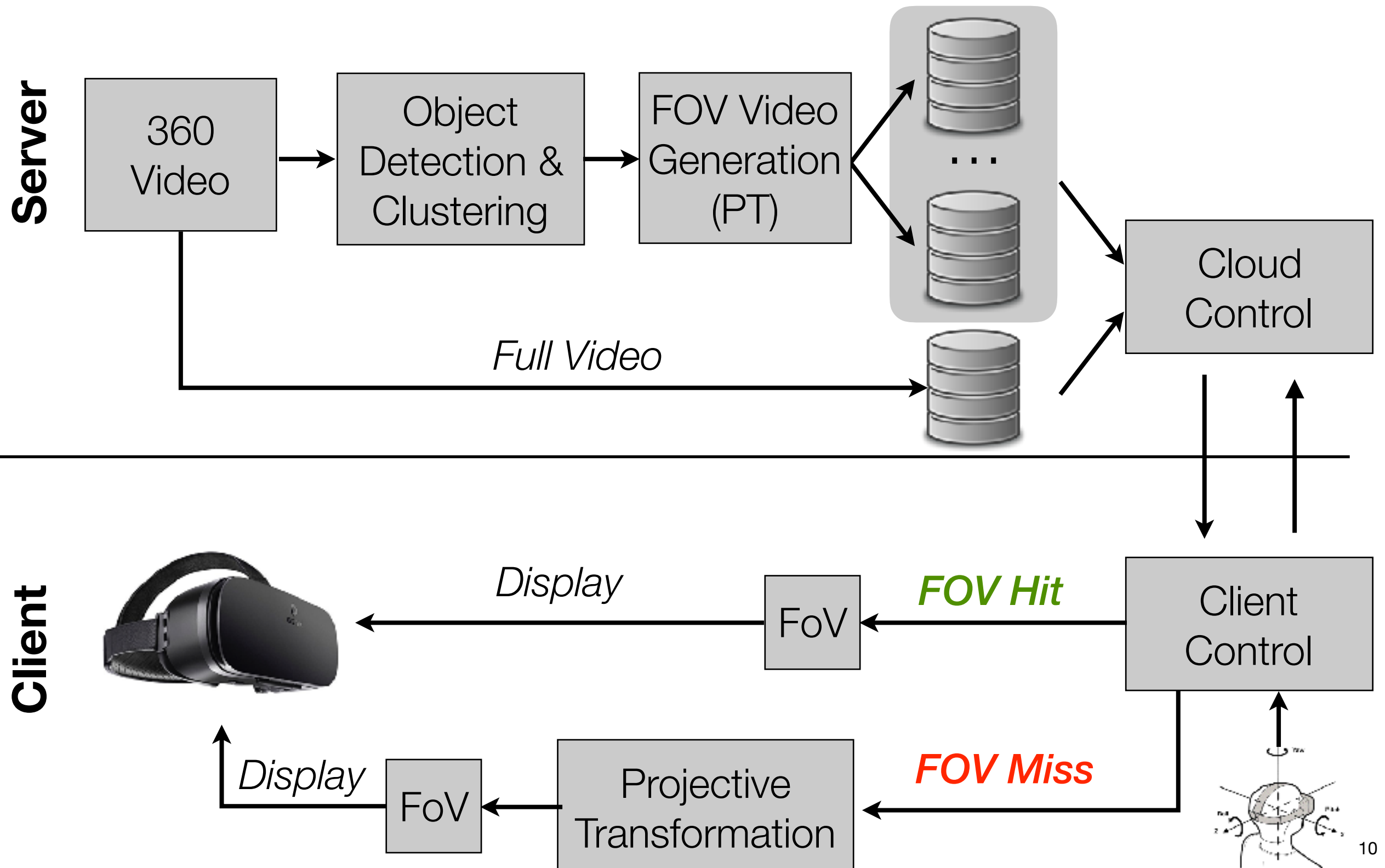
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SAS: Design Decisions/Optimizations

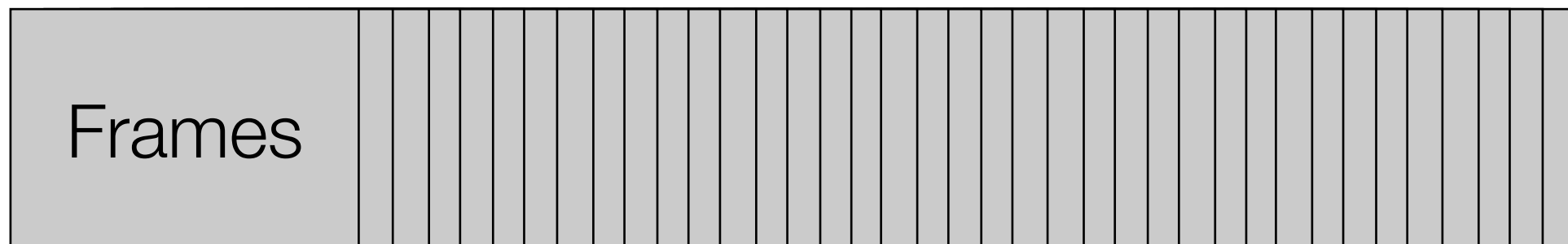
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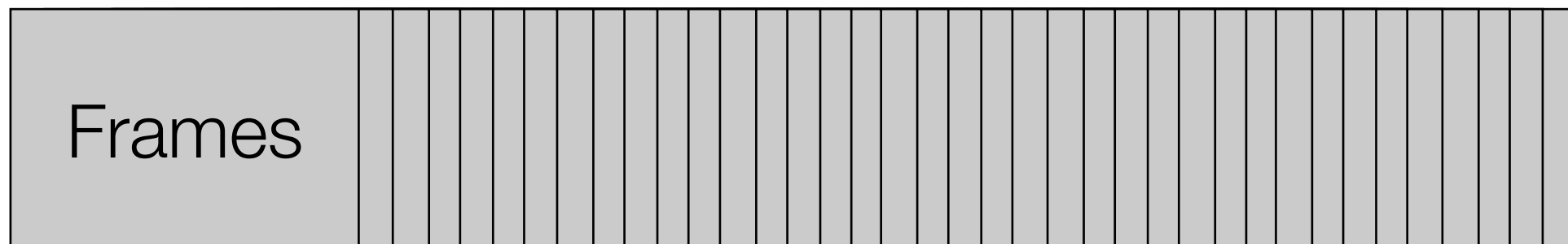
- ▷ Generate FOV videos for entire video



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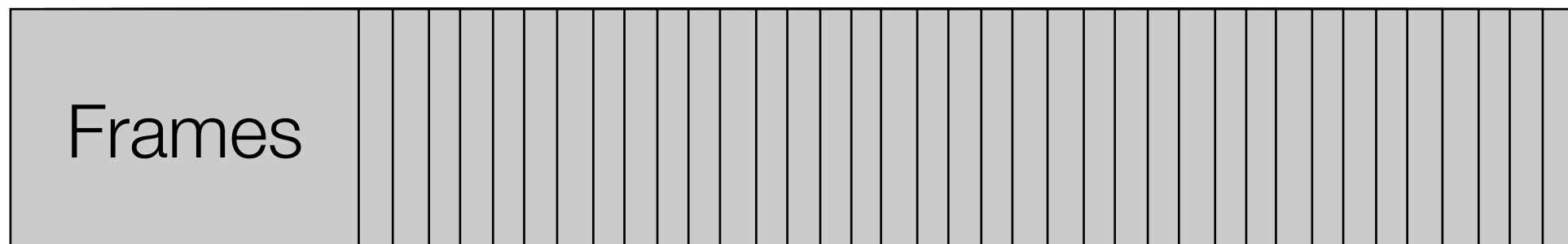
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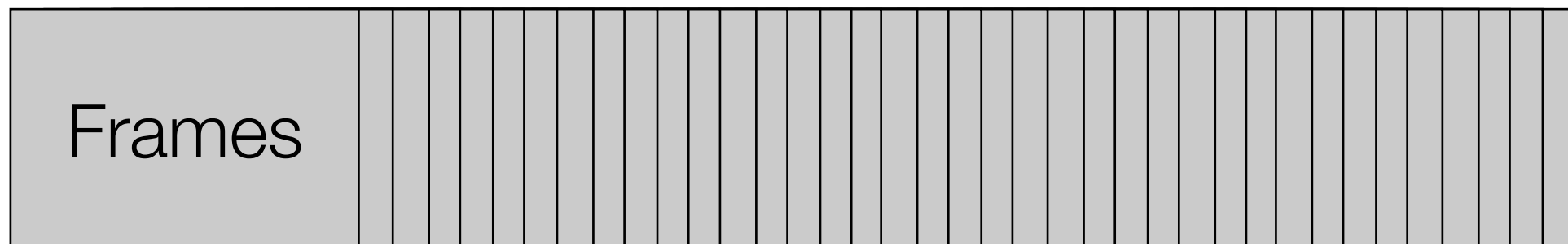


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► Recovery Penalty



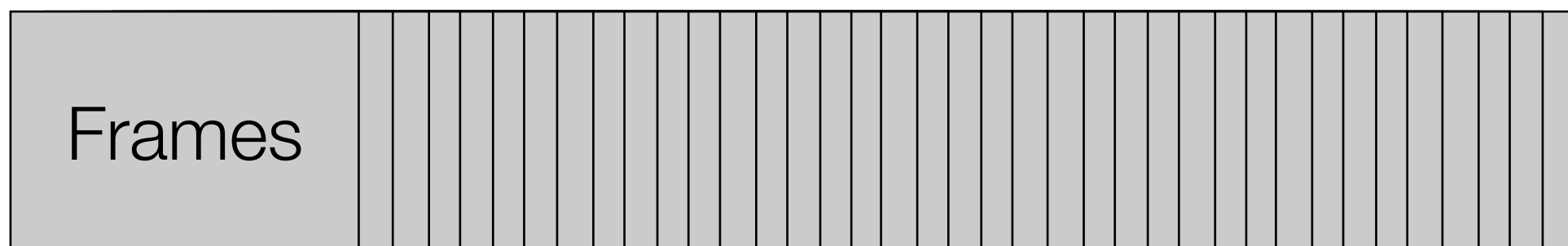
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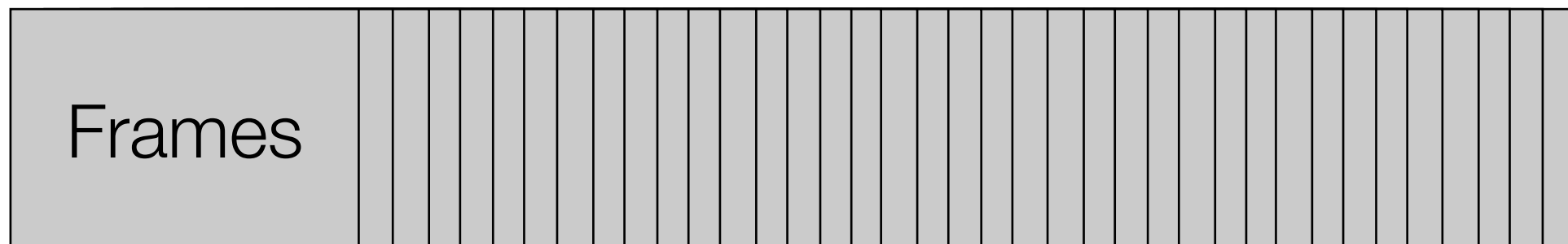
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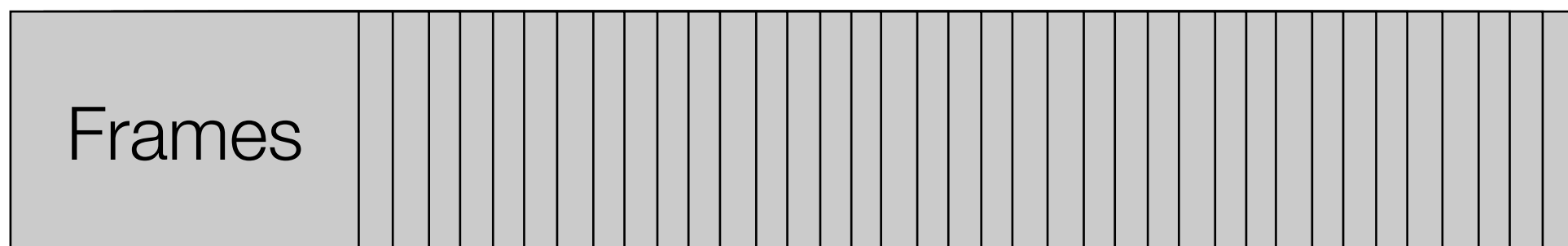
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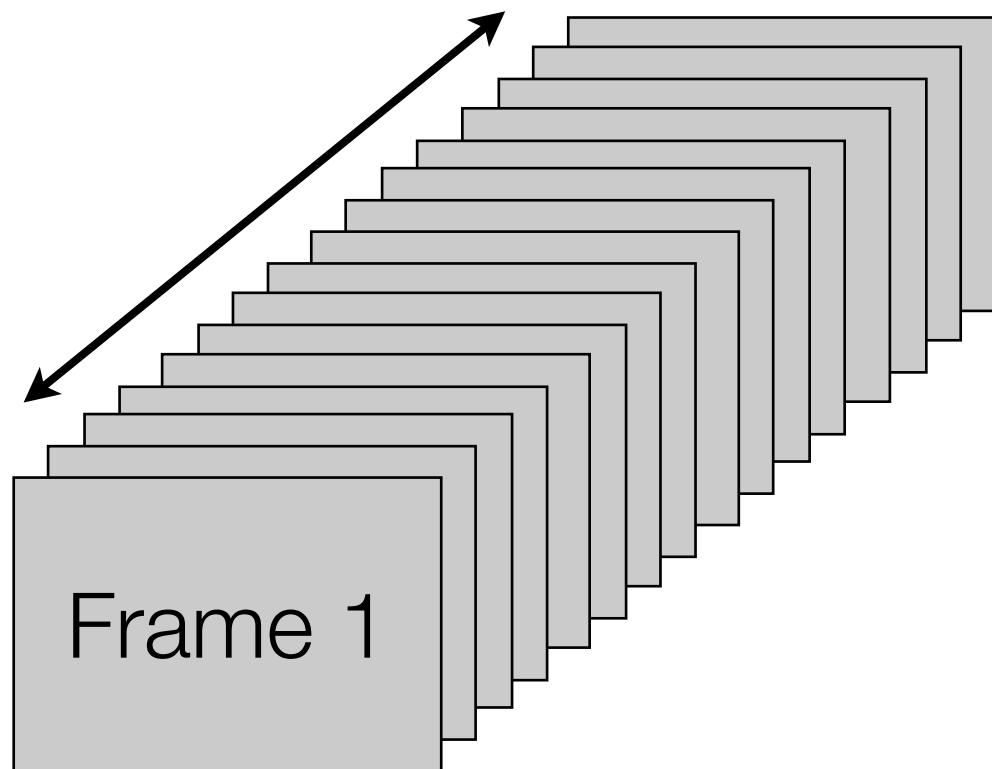
▶ Recovery Penalty

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▶ Trade-off: Recovery penalty vs. Video compression rate

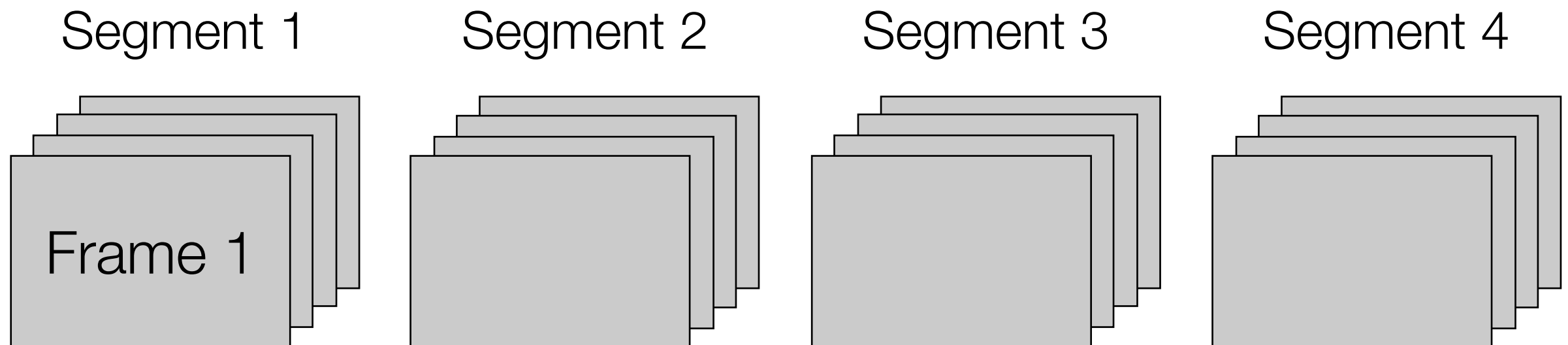


Temporal Segmentation



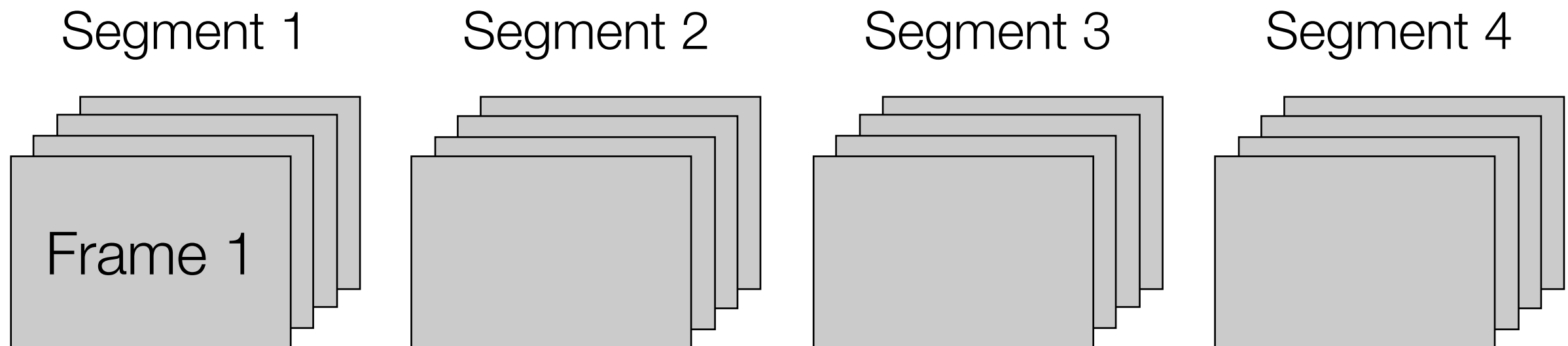
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- Split video into several temporal segments



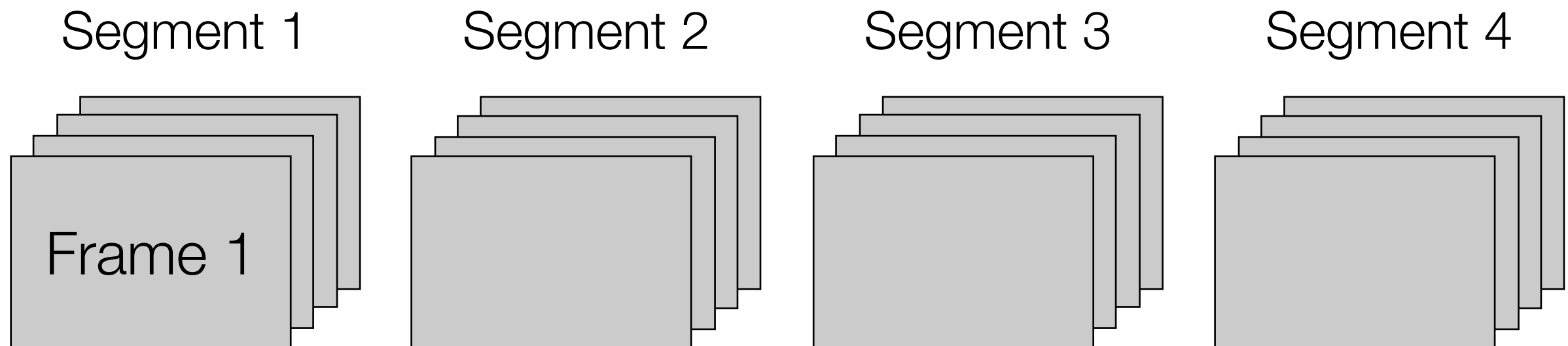
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- ▶ Split video into several temporal segments
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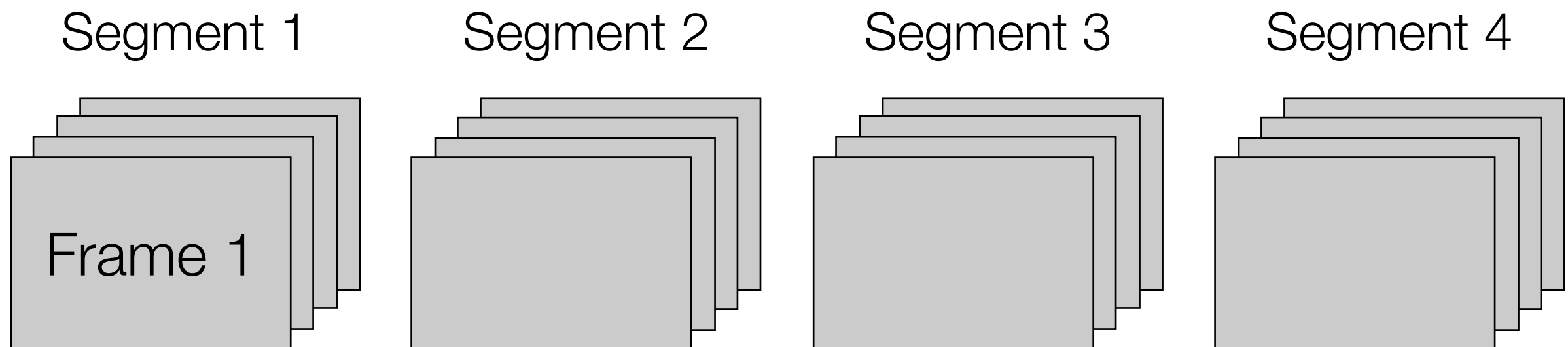
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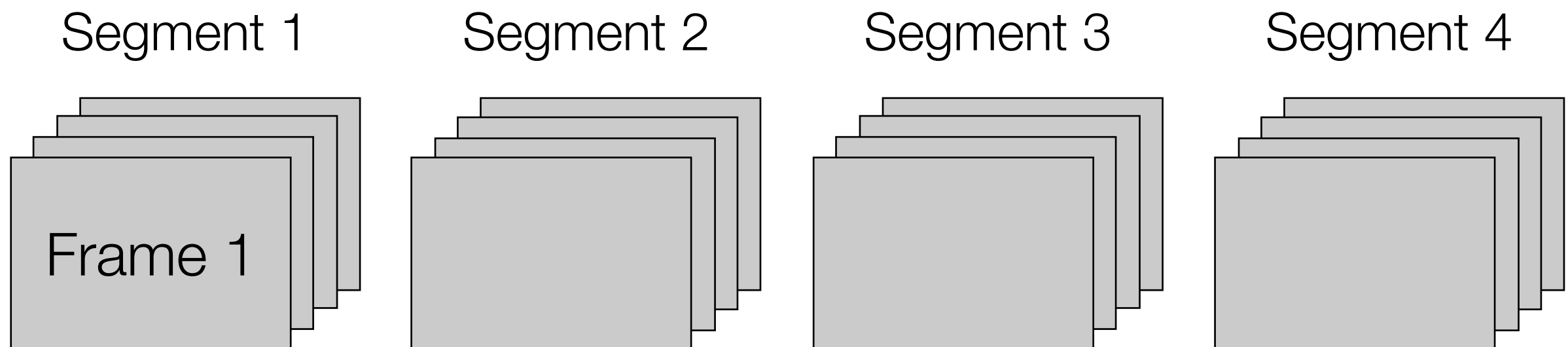
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- ▶ To balance recovery penalty with video compression rate
 - ▷ Design decision: 30 frames/segment



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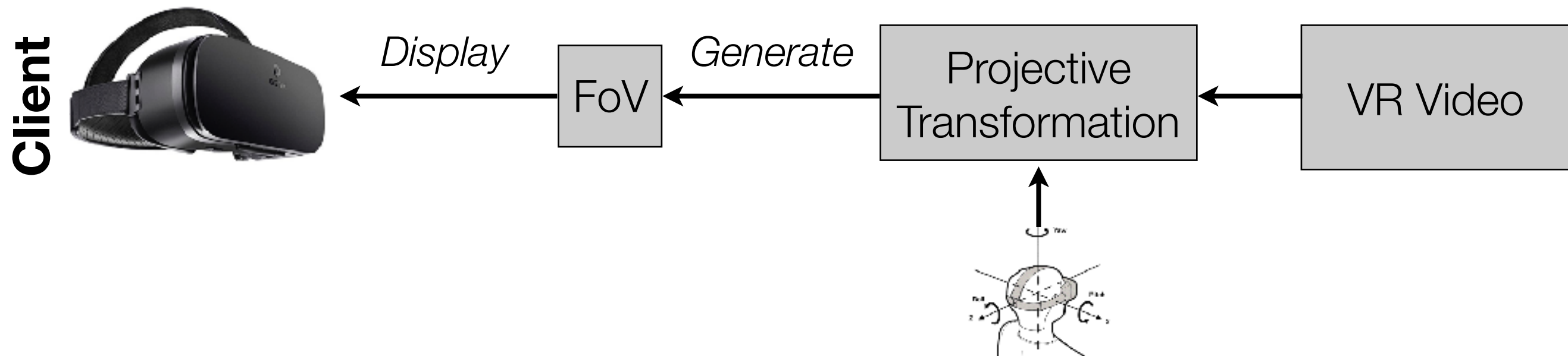
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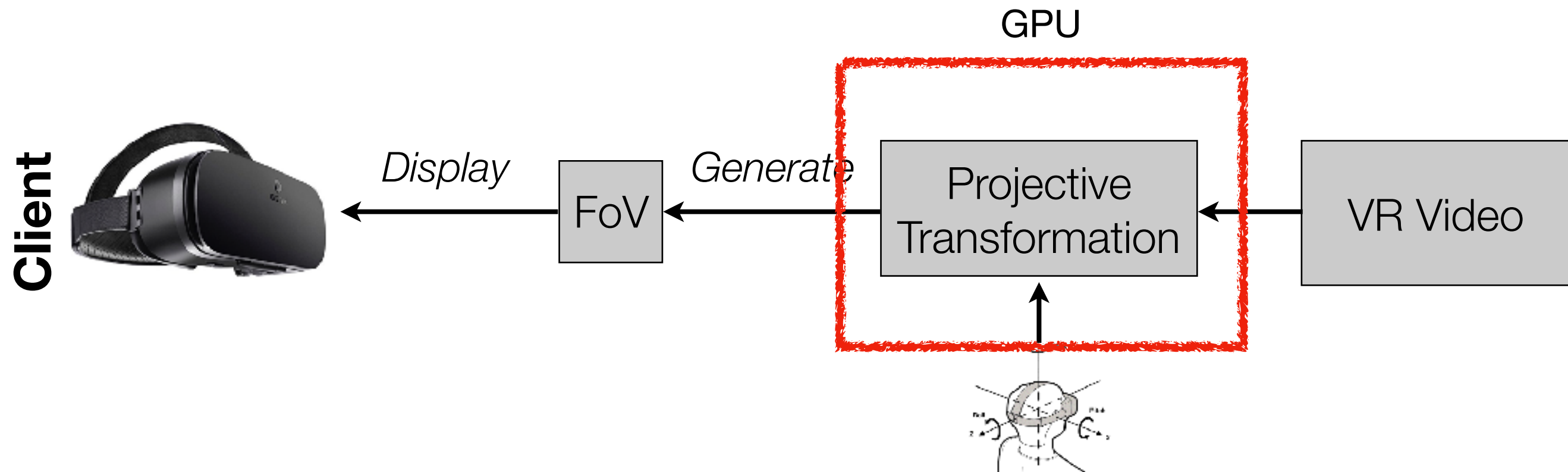
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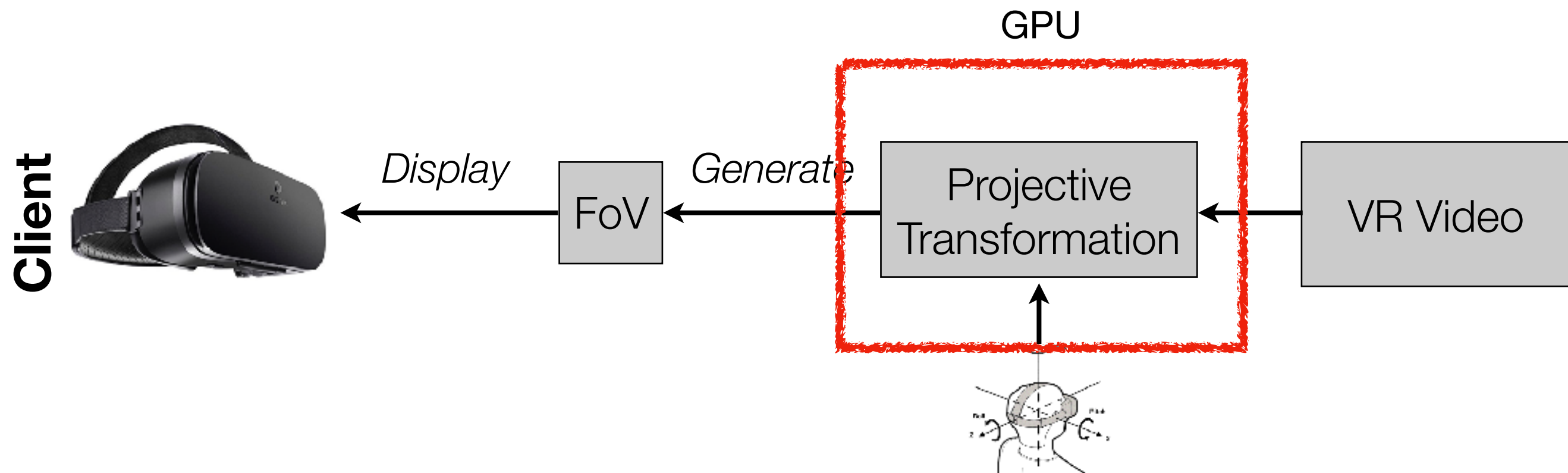


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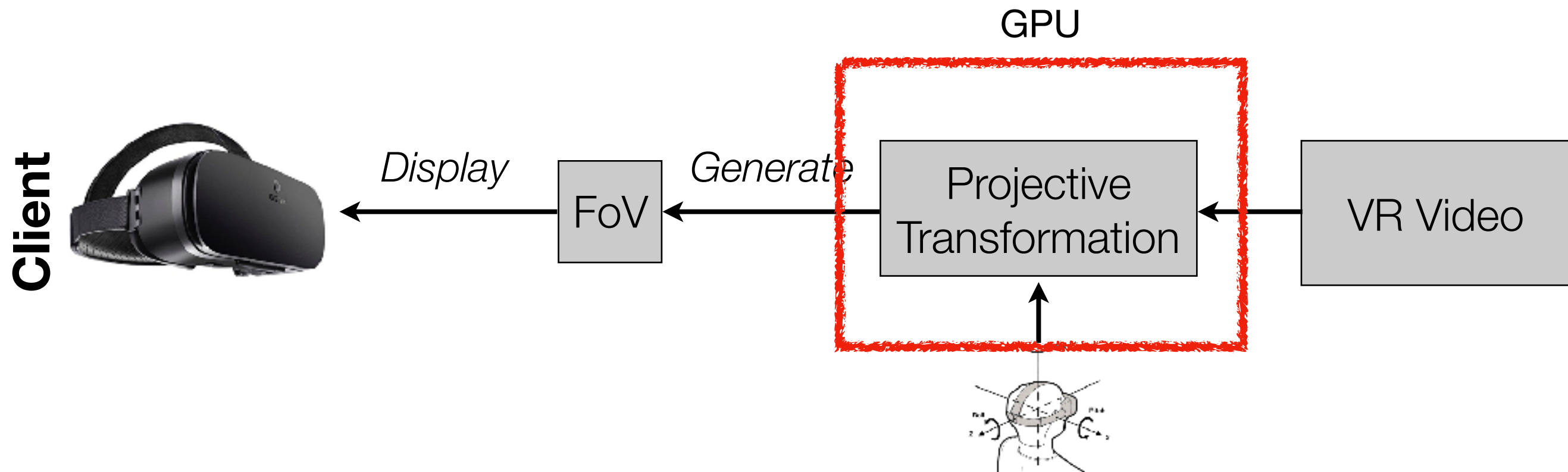
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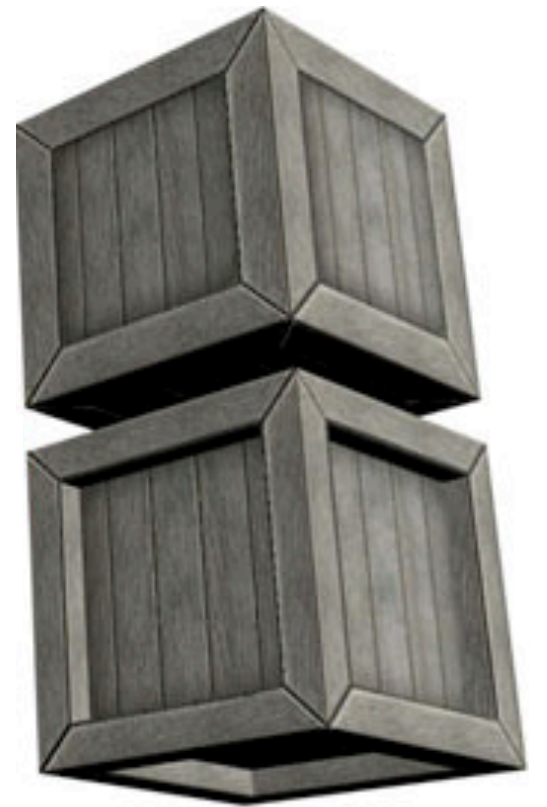
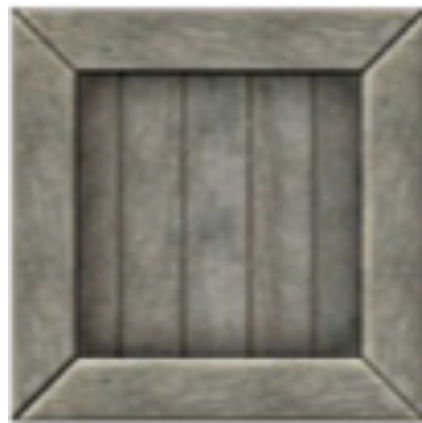
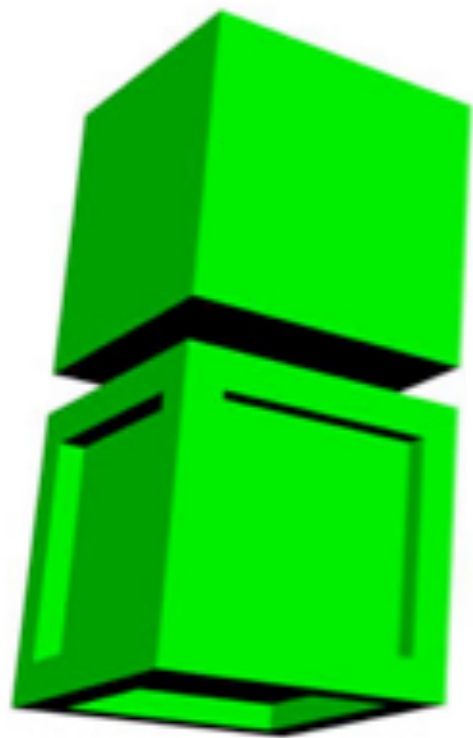
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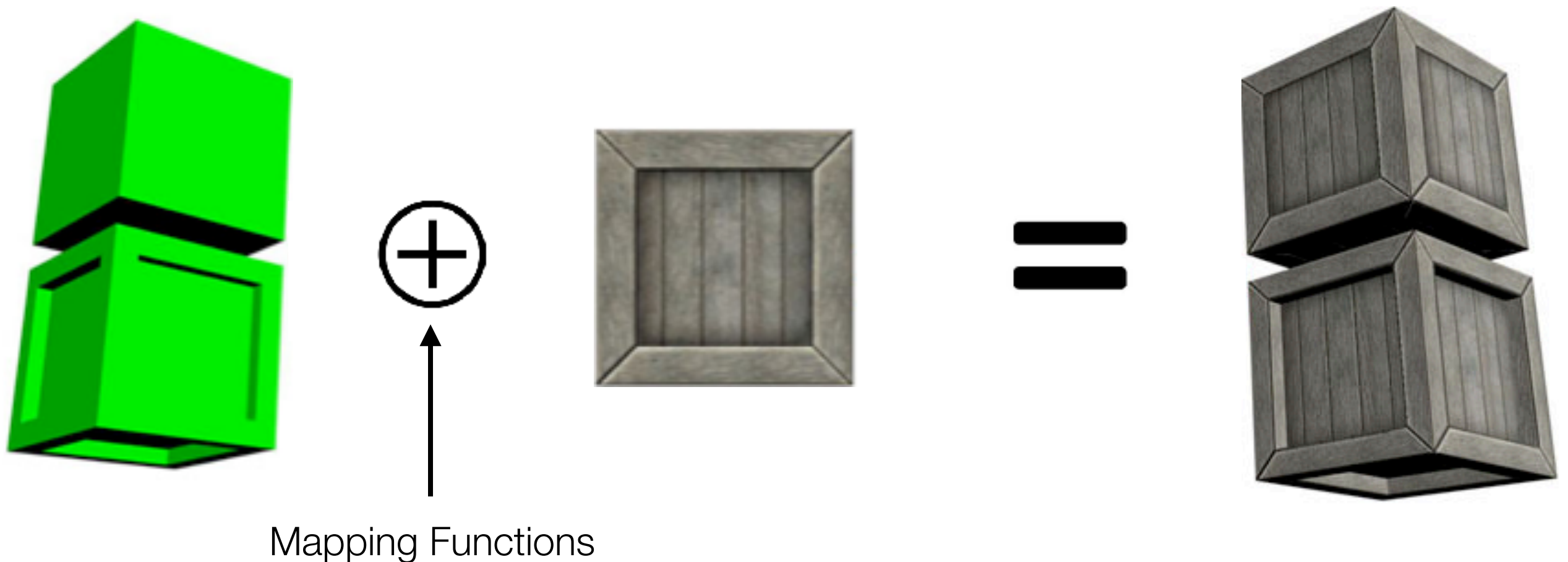
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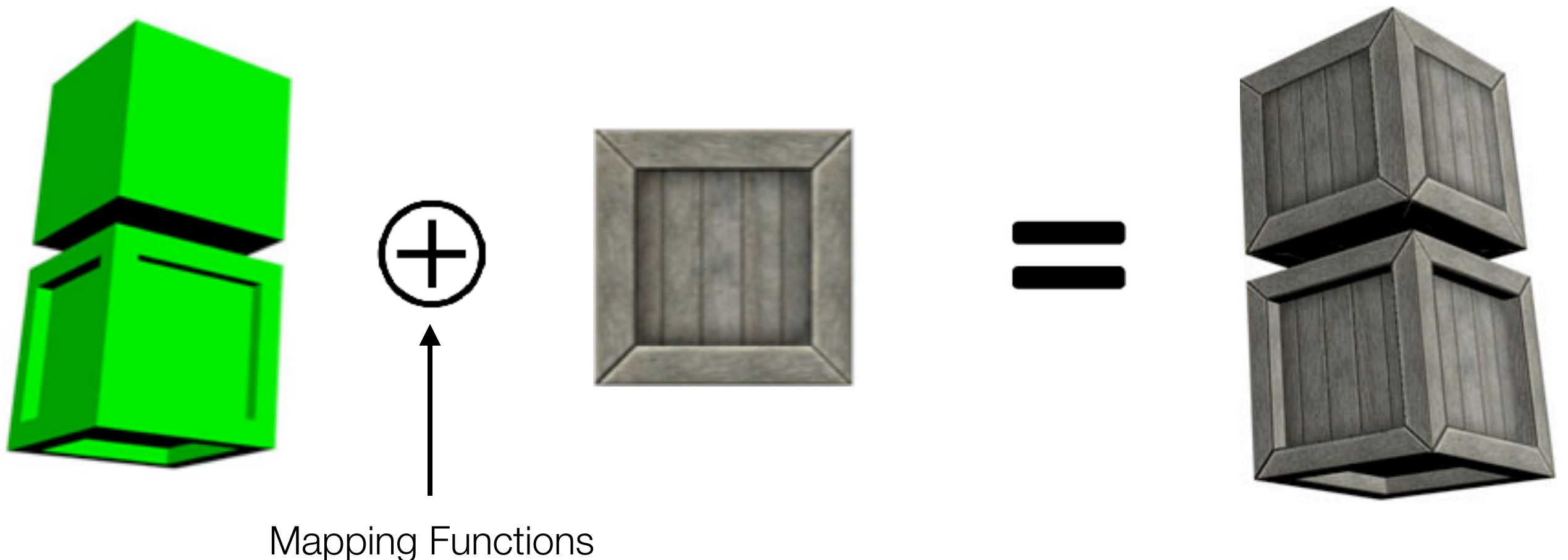
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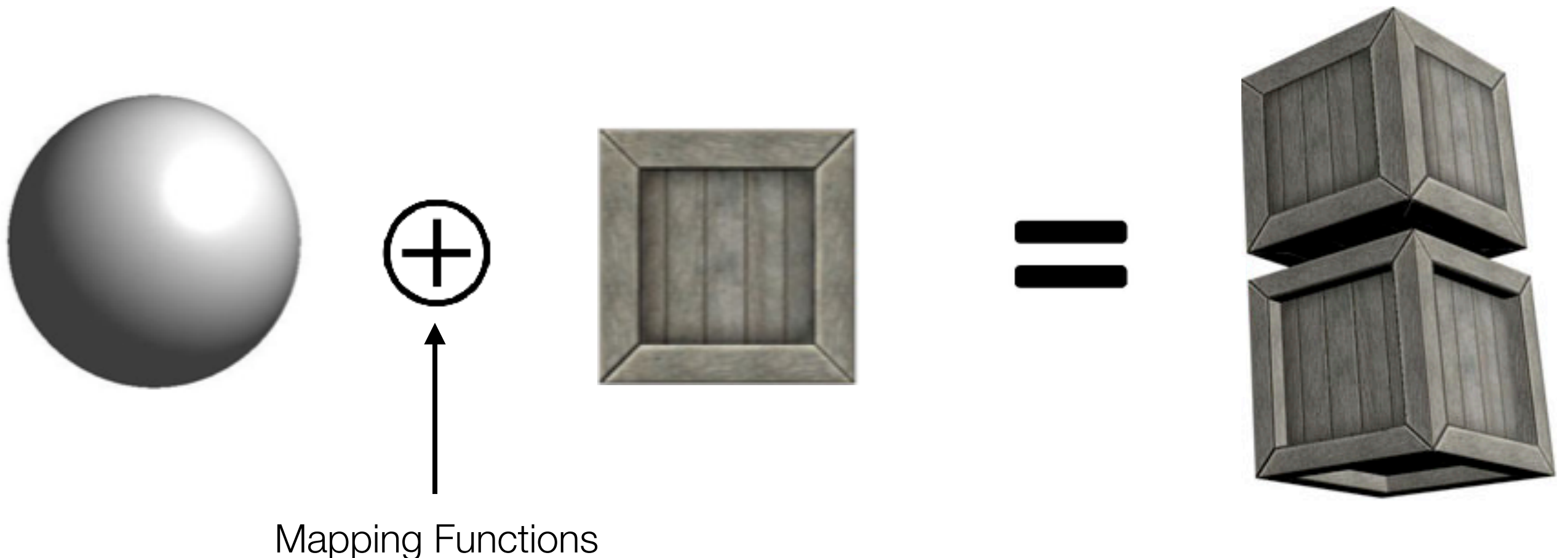
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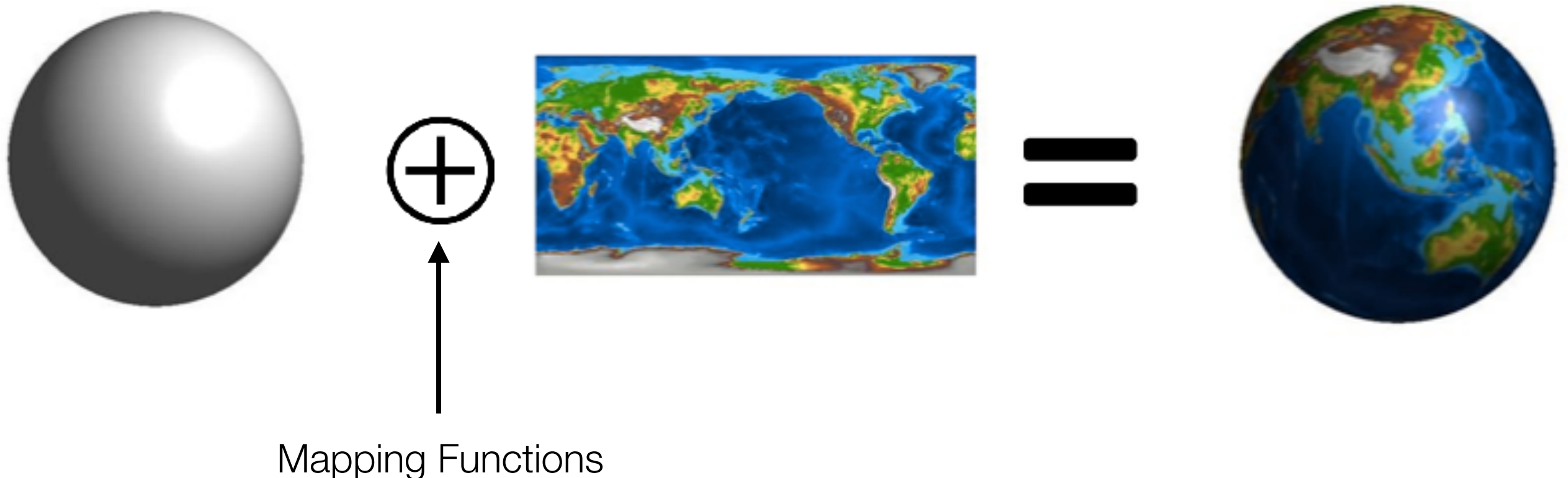
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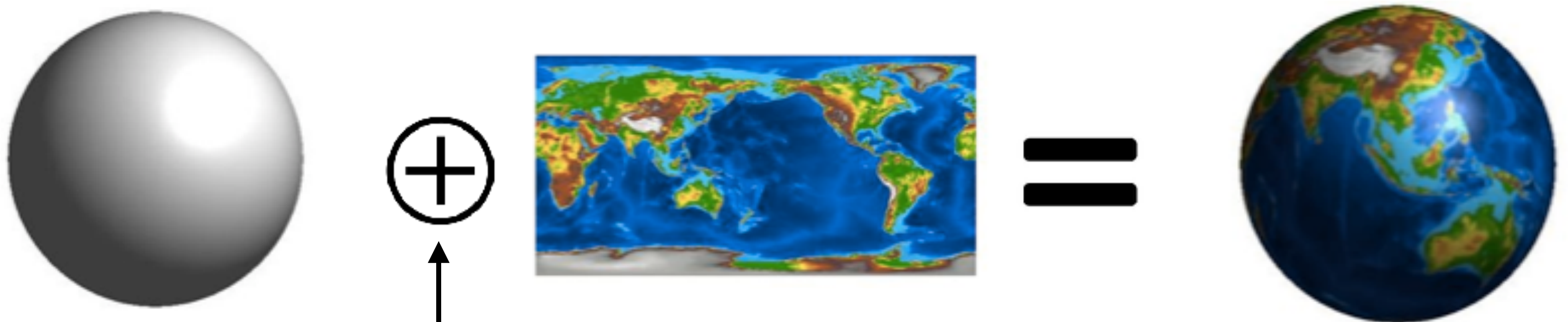
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Equirectangular Projection, CubeMap Projection.
Equi-Angular Projection

HAR: Hardware Accelerated Rendering

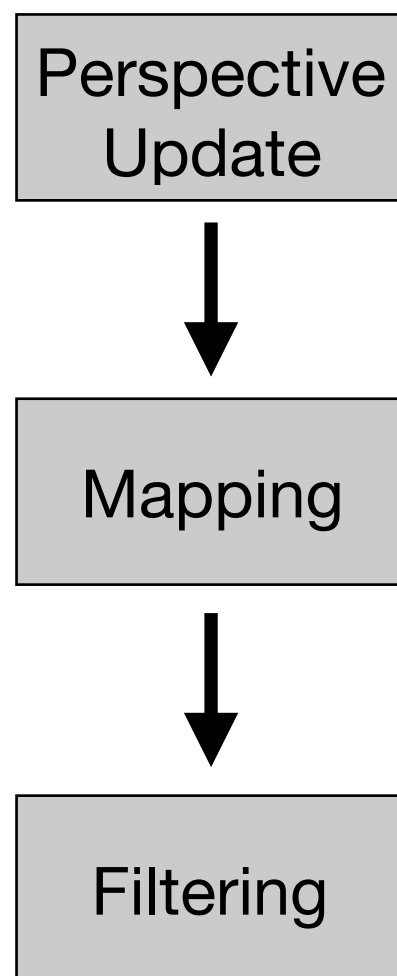
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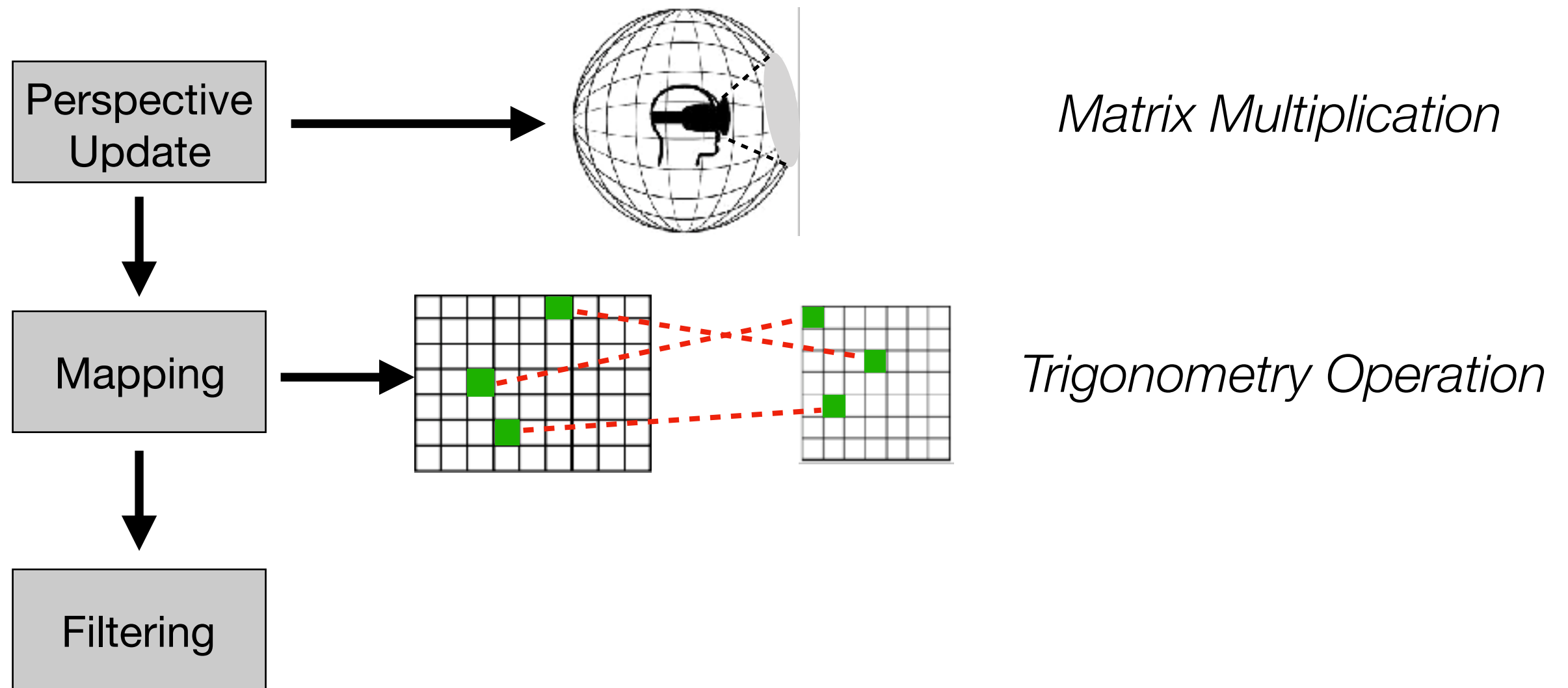
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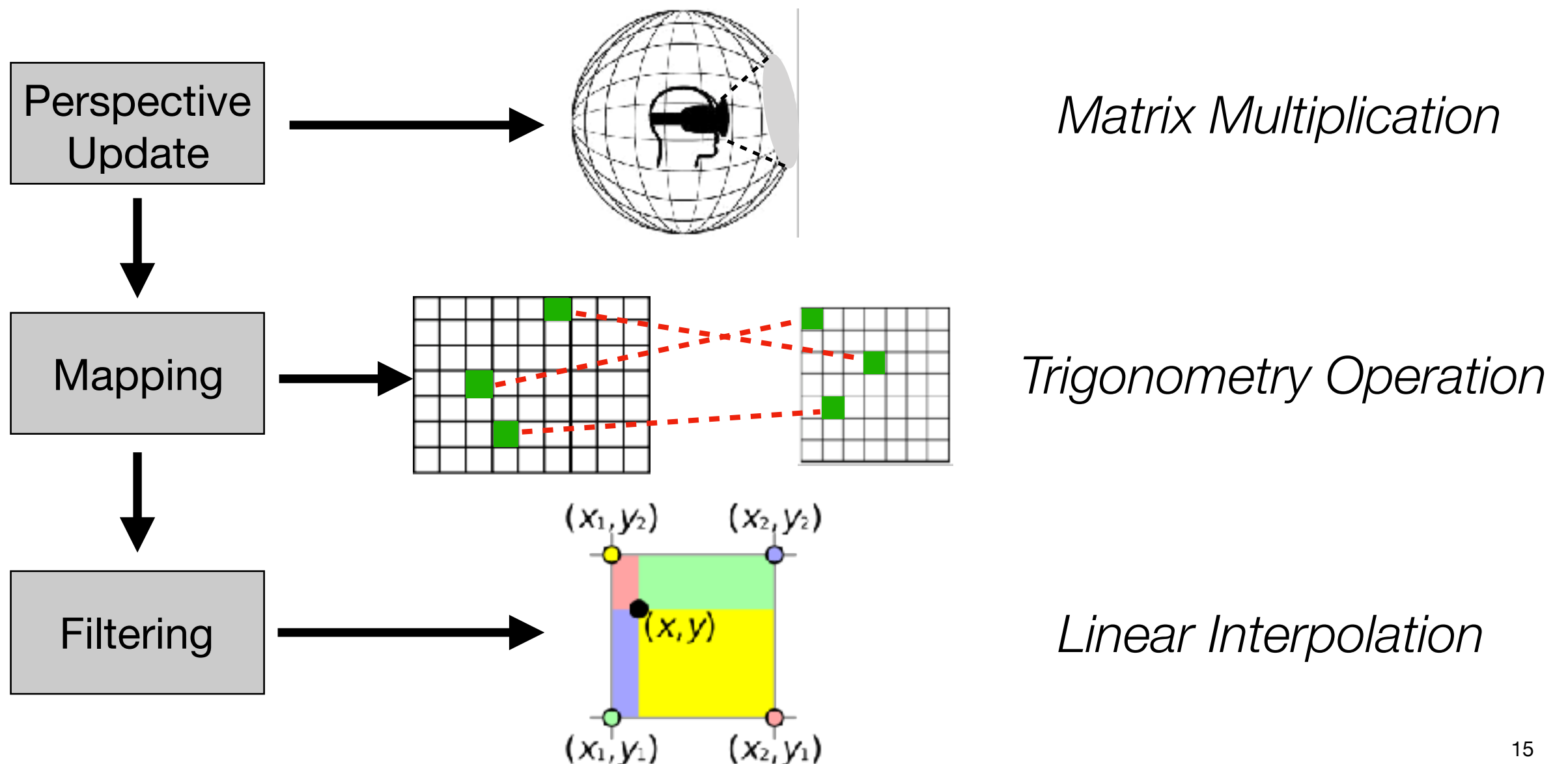
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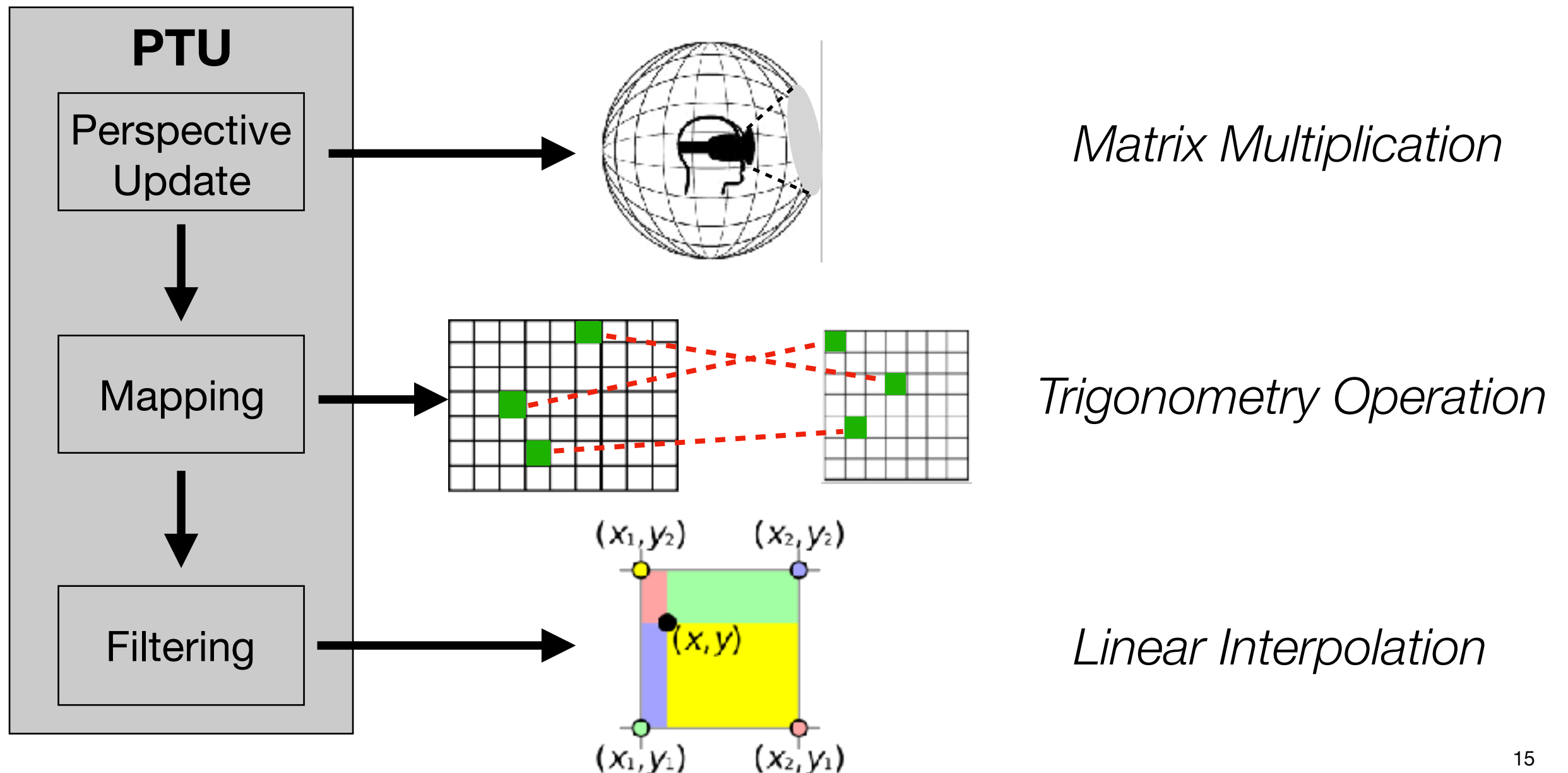


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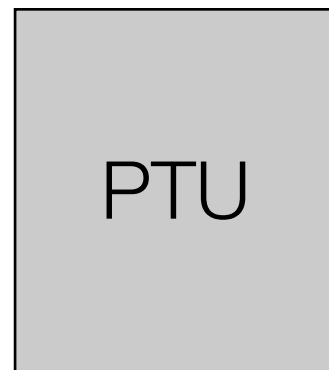
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▷ Projective Transformation Unit (PTU)



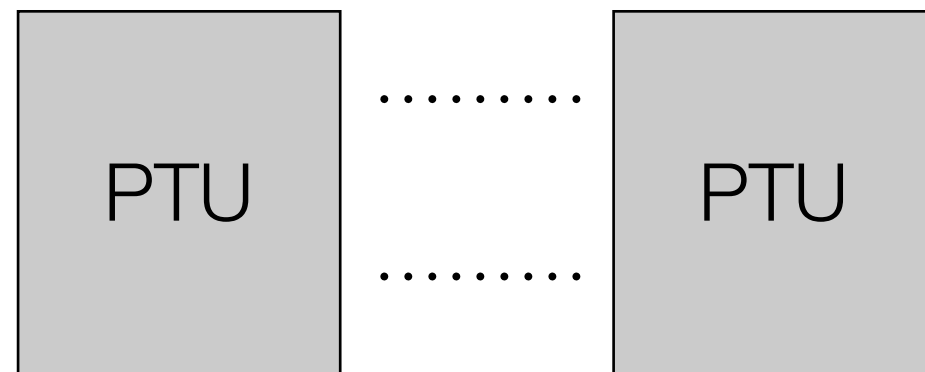
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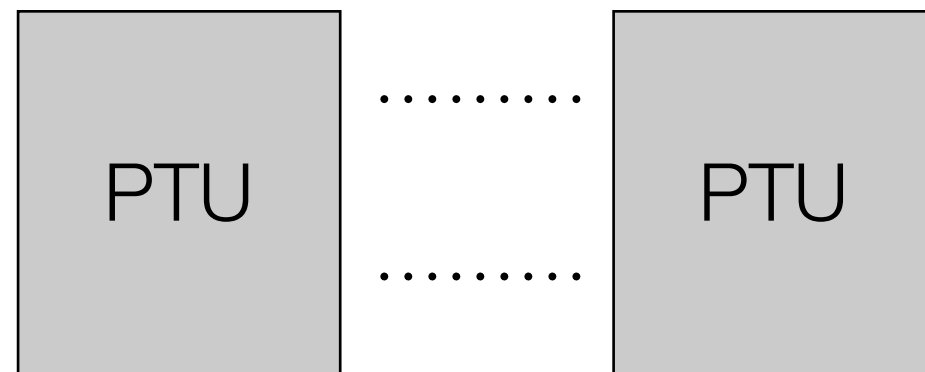
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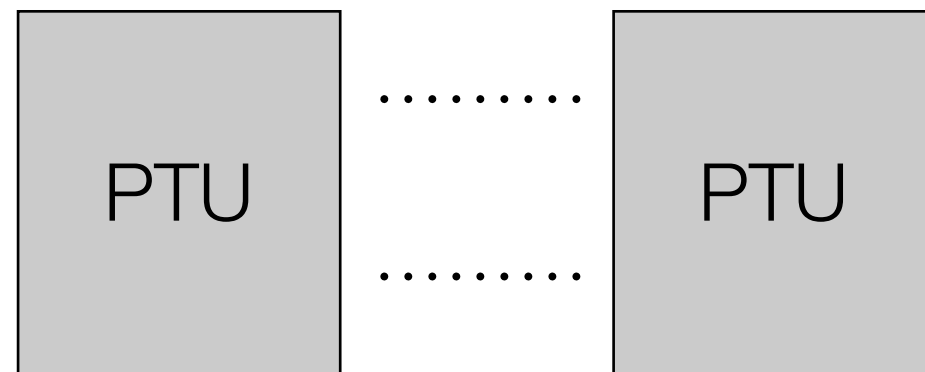
Projective Transformation Engine (PTE)

- ▶ Exploits pixel-level parallelism of projective transformation
 - ▷ Instantiate multiple PTUs



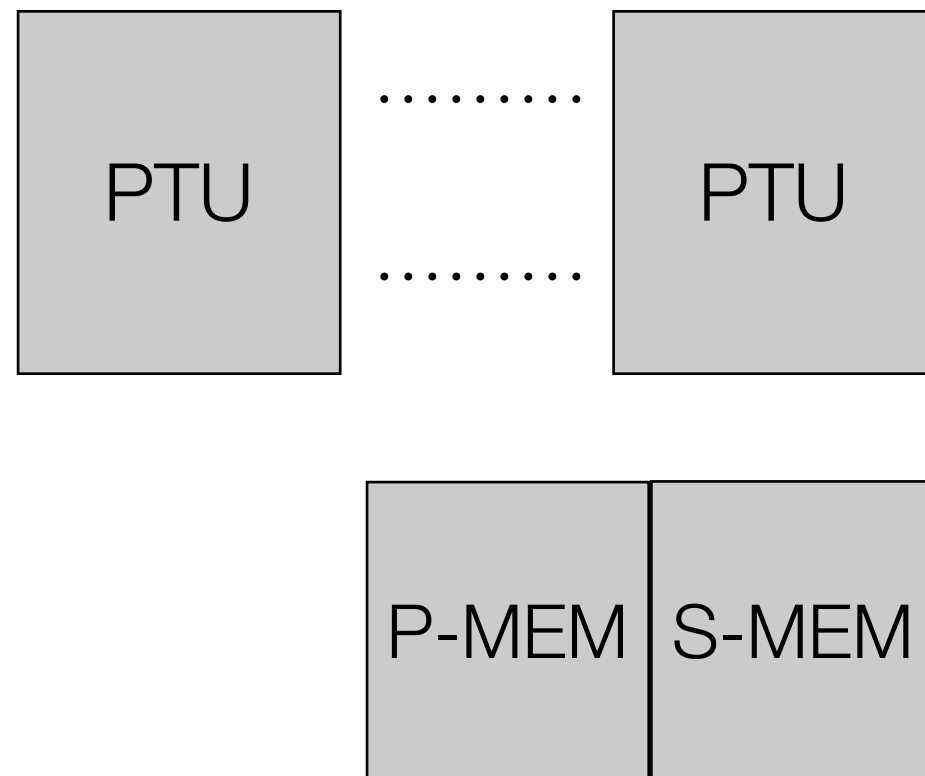
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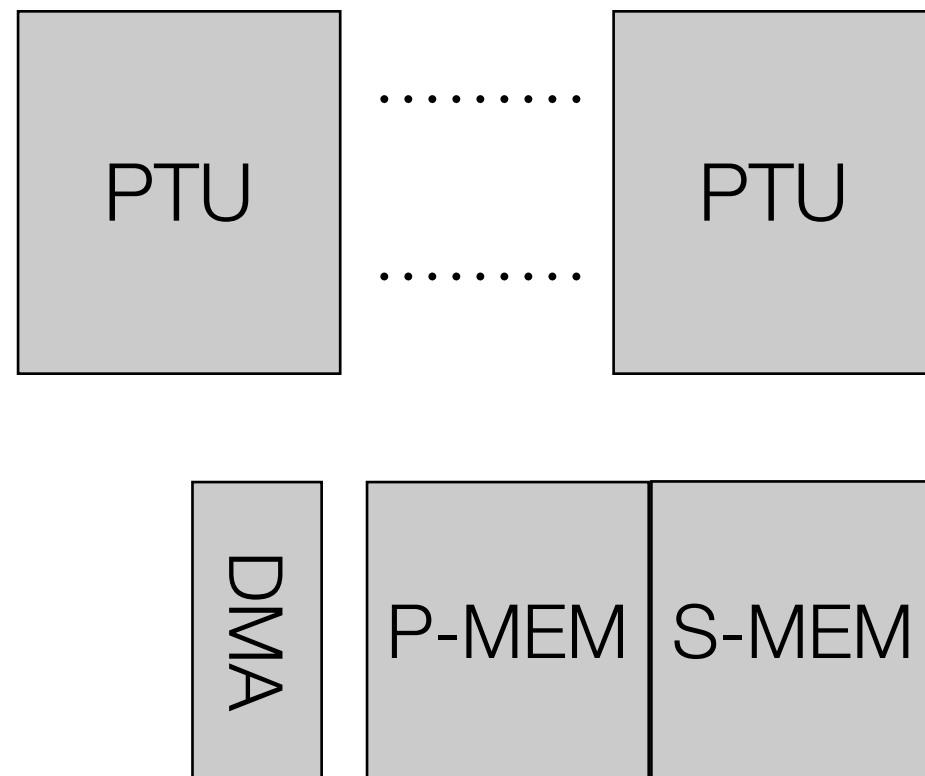
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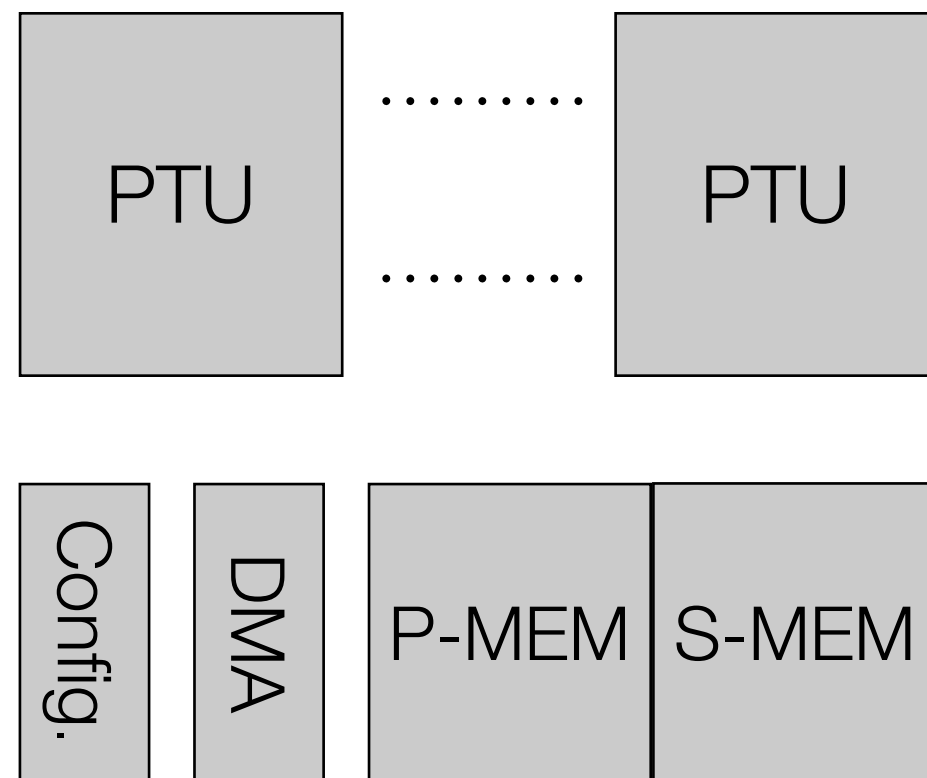
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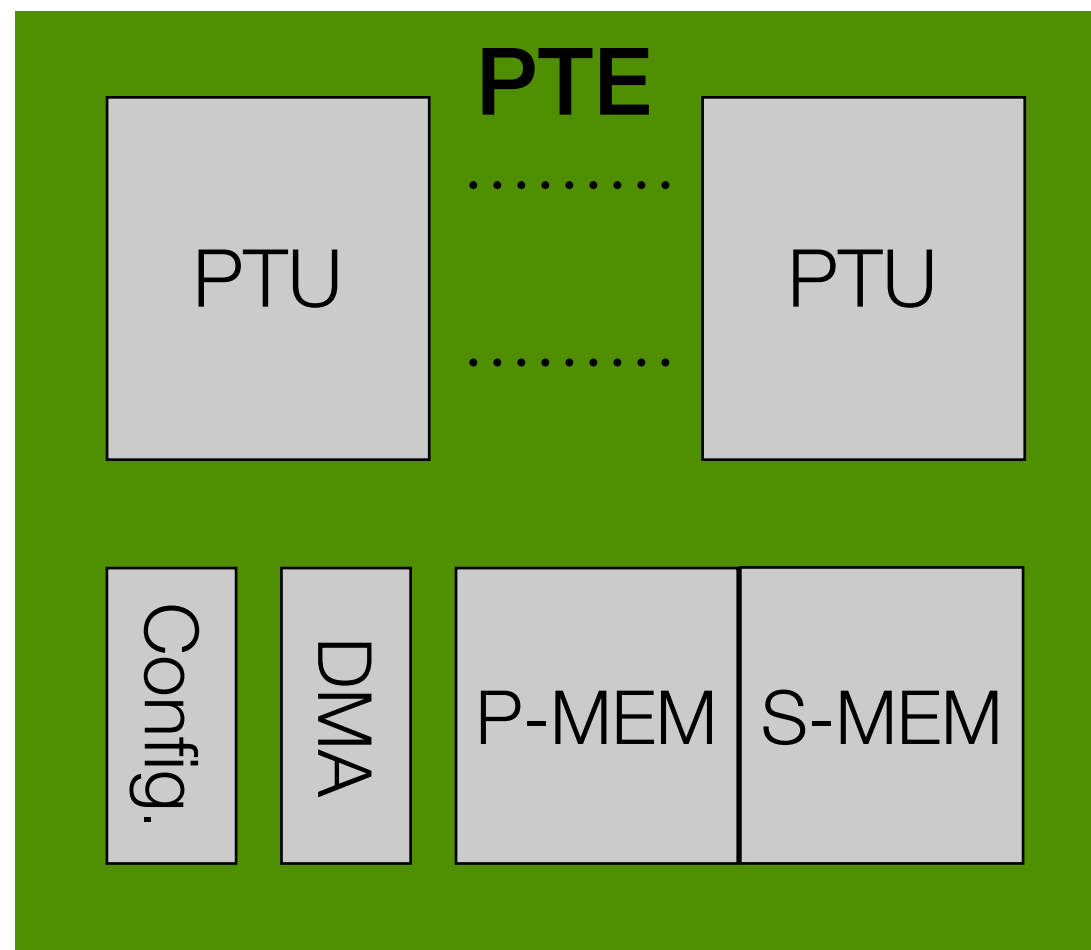
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SoC Integration

- ▶ Collaborates with IPs in existing hardware architecture

Client

SoC

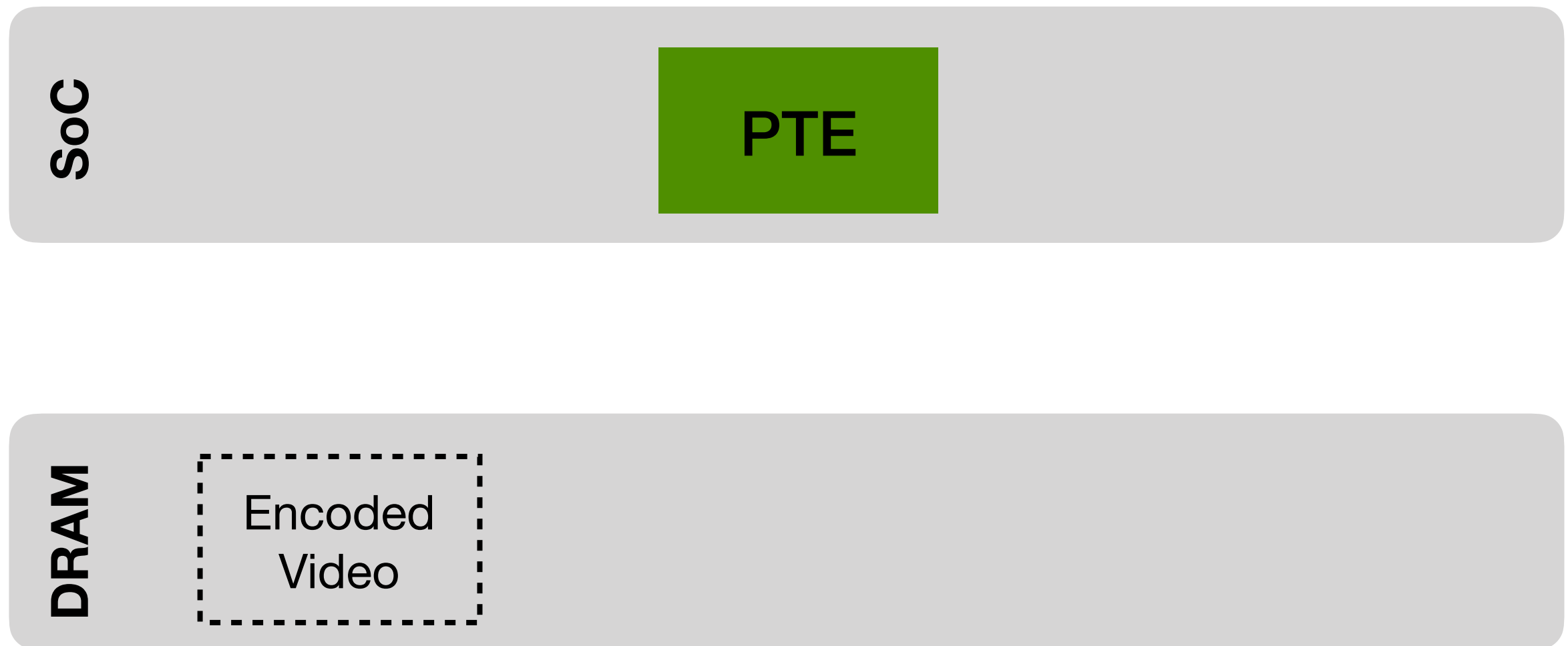
PTE

DRAM

SoC Integration

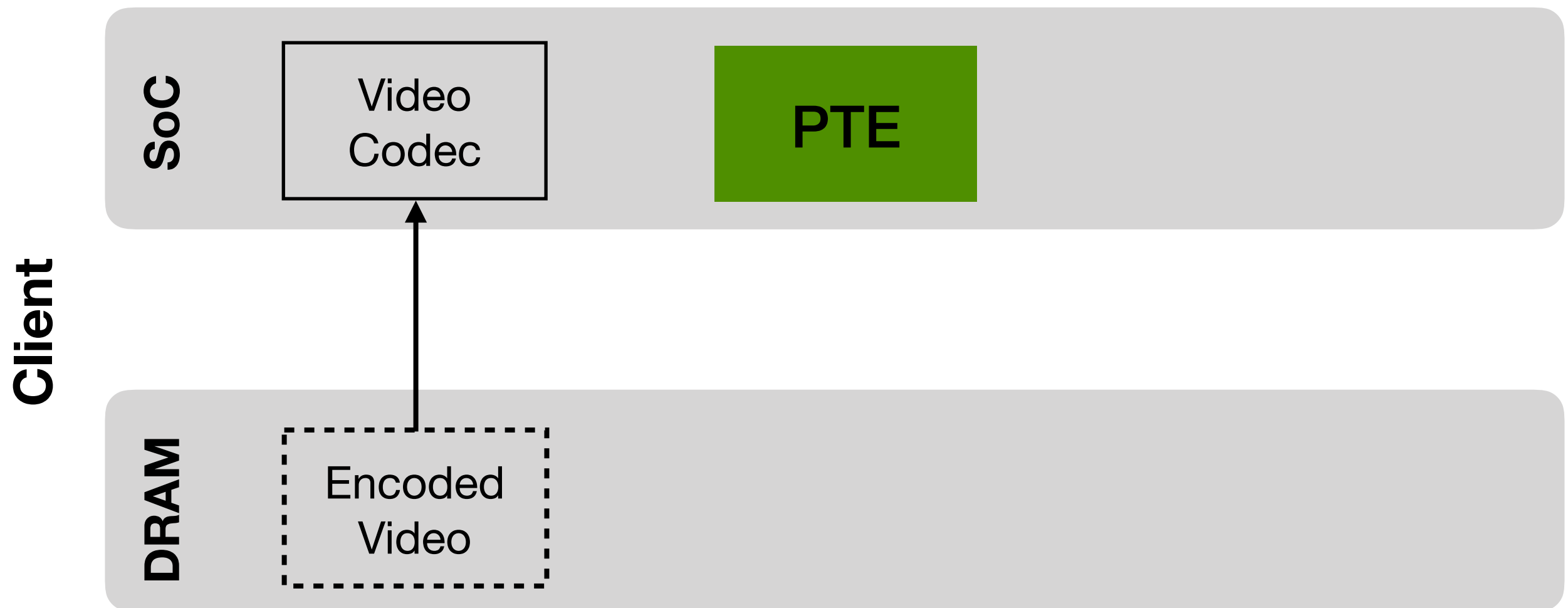
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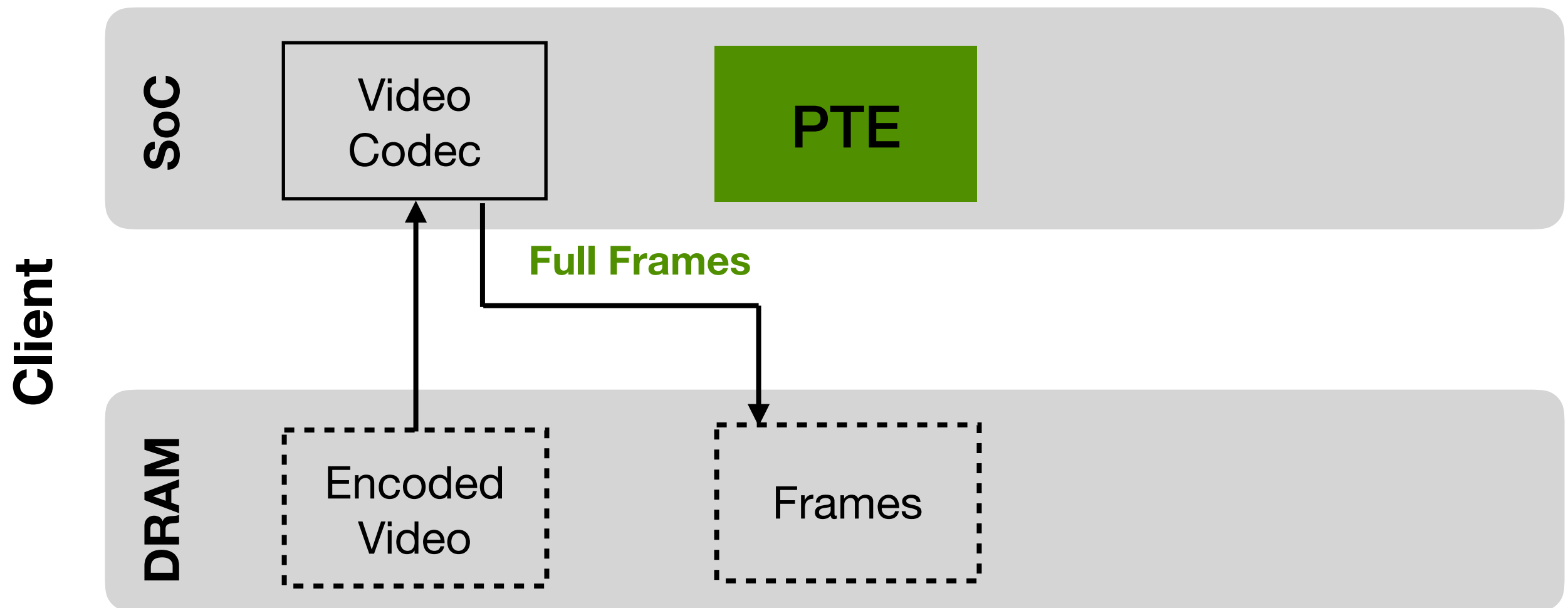
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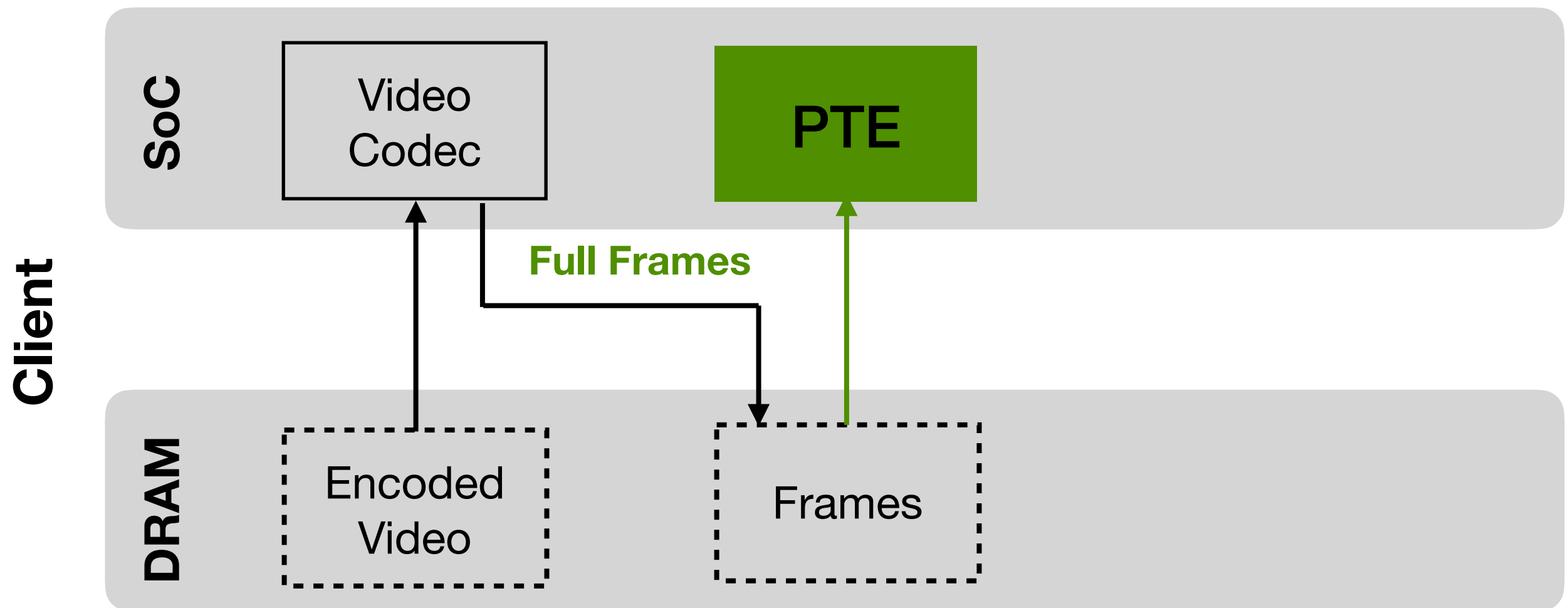
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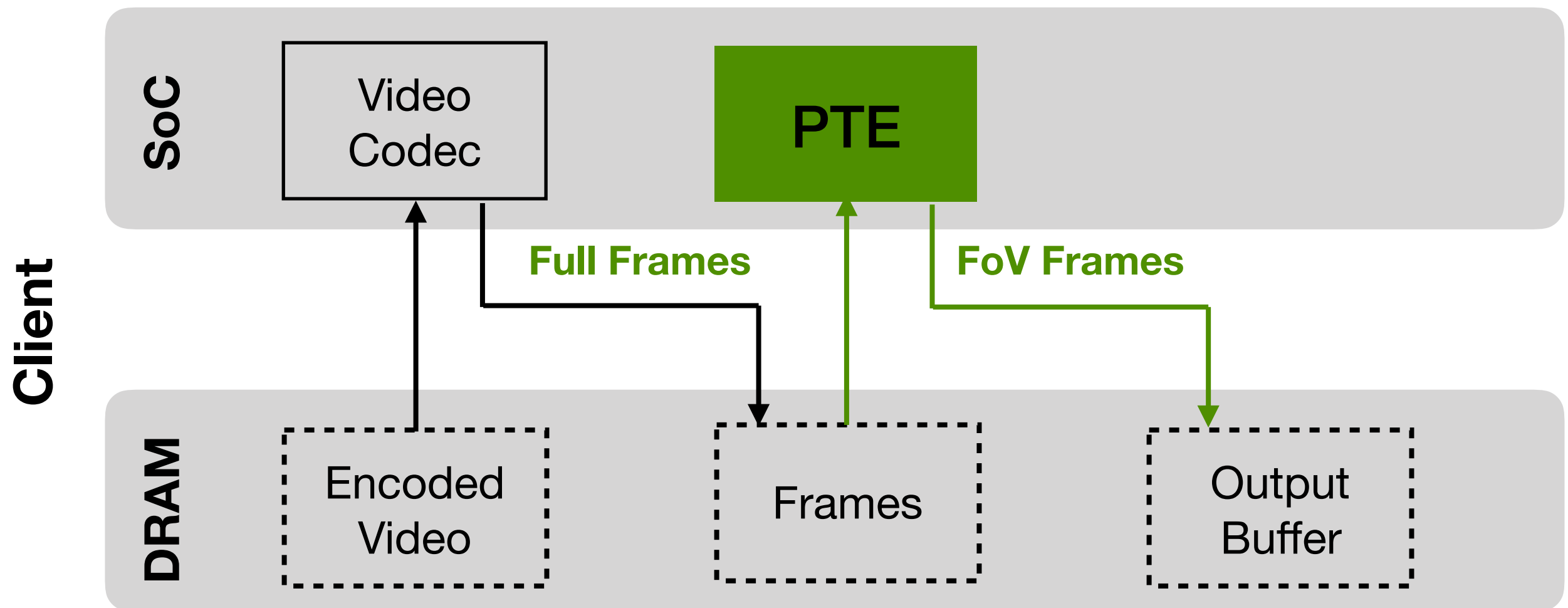
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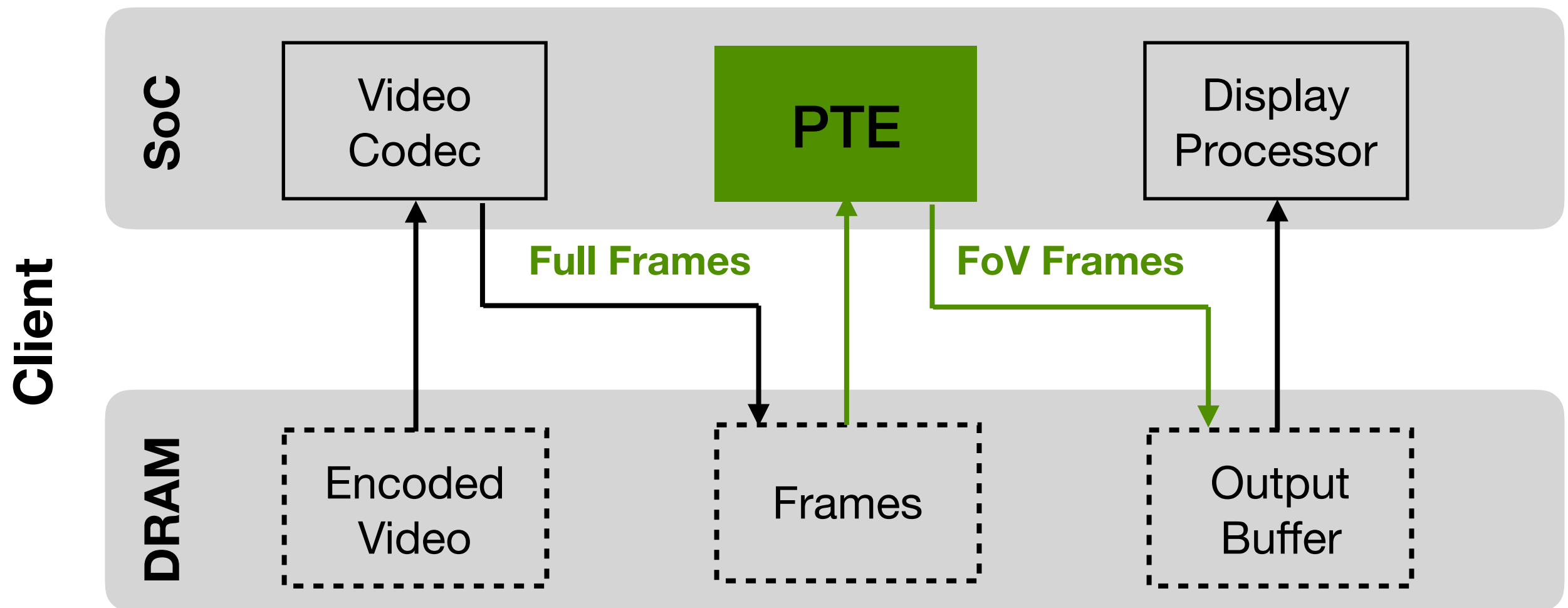
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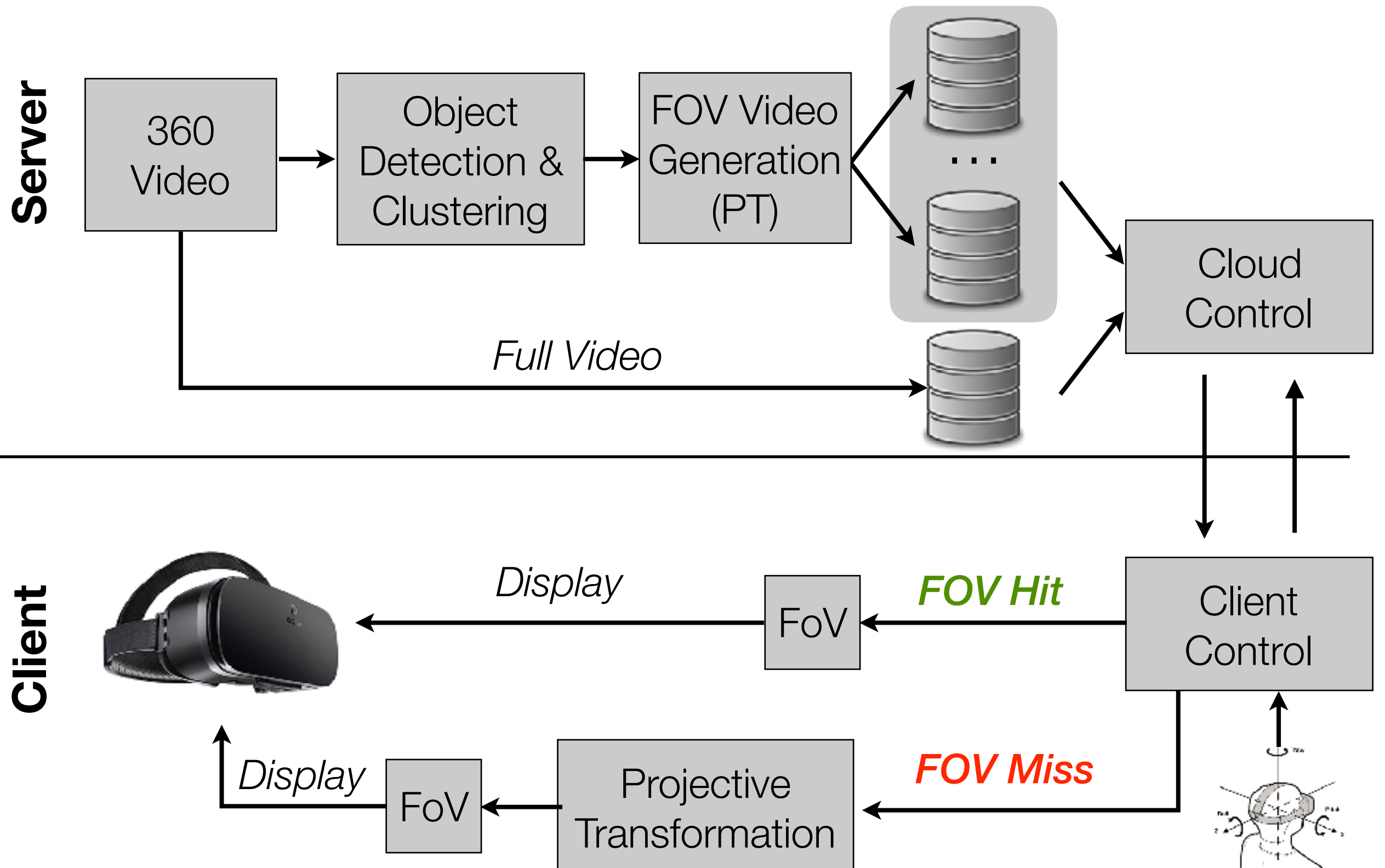


SoC Integration

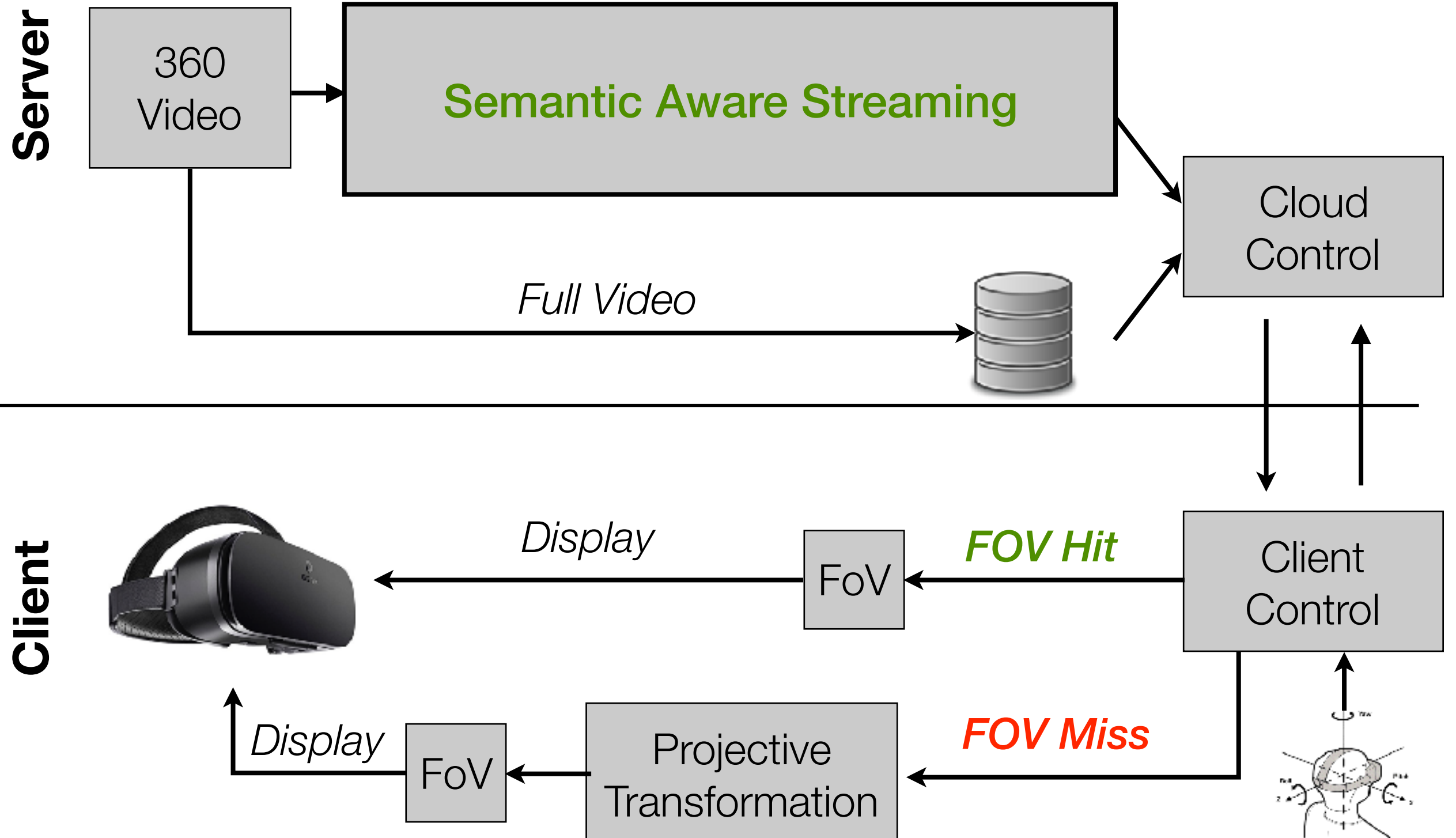
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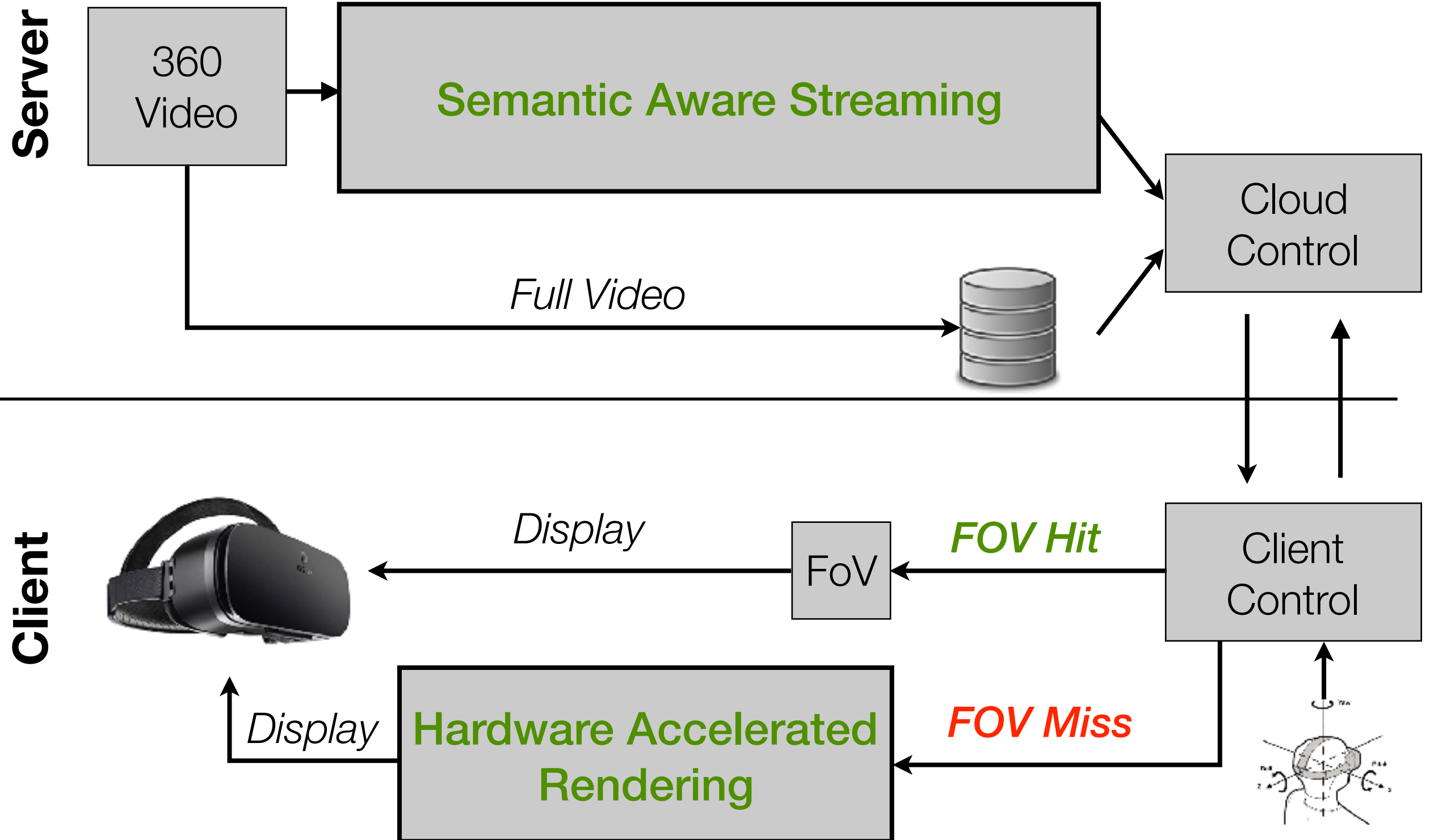
Putting It Together



Putting It Together



Putting It Together



EVR

A Cloud-Client Collaborative VR Video System



Cloud

Semantic Aware
Streaming



Client

Hardware Accelerated
Rendering



Result

Up to 58% Energy
Reduction & Only 1%
Frame Rate Drops

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Amazon EC2



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- ▶ **Hardware:**
 - ▷ Nvidia TX2 and Xilinx ZC702 development board



Amazon EC2



Amazon S3



Nvidia TX2



Xilinx ZC702

Evaluation

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- ▶ **Baseline:** VR client device built on Nvidia TX2

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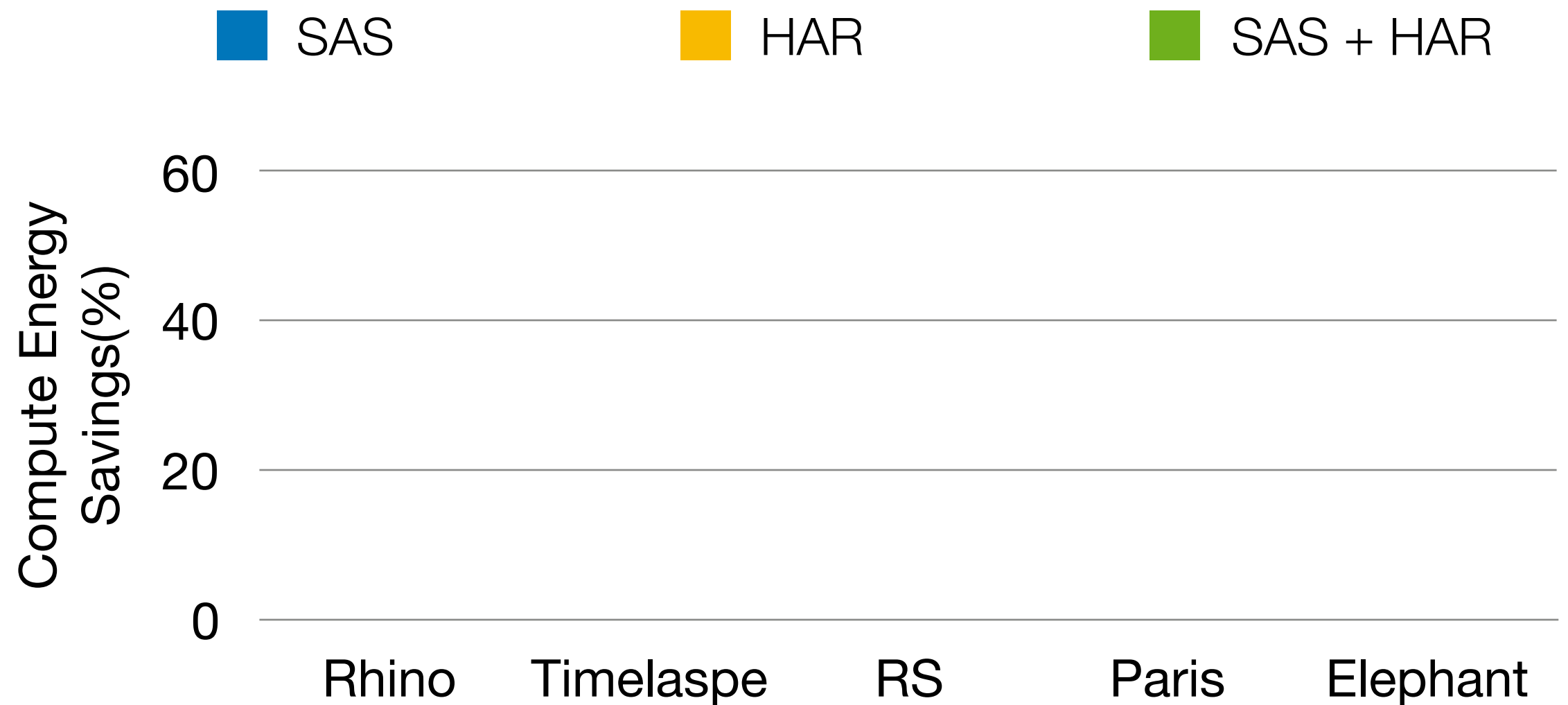
- ▷ Only Hardware Accelerated Rendering (HAR)

Evaluation

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 - ▷ Only Hardware Accelerated Rendering (HAR)
 - ▷ SAS + HAR

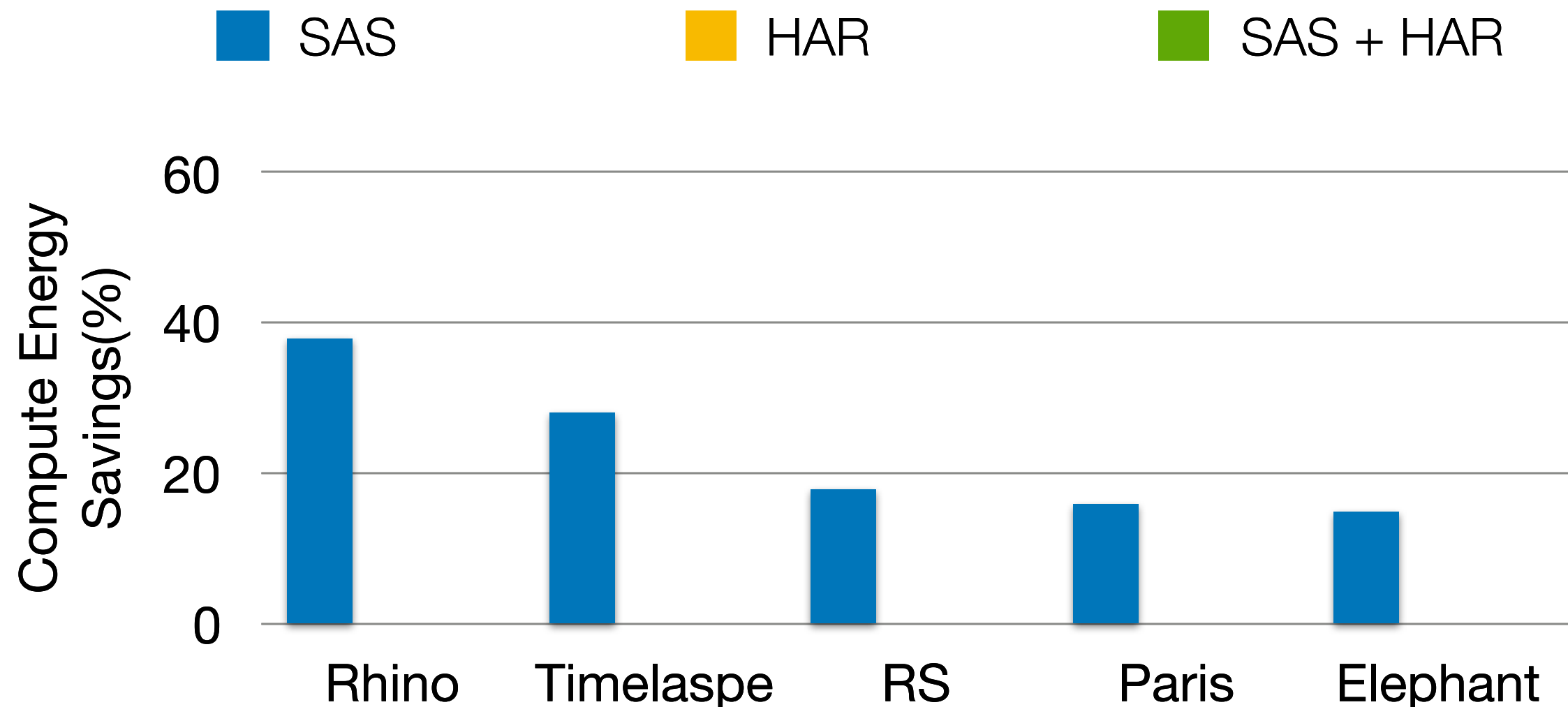
Energy Savings

Energy Savings



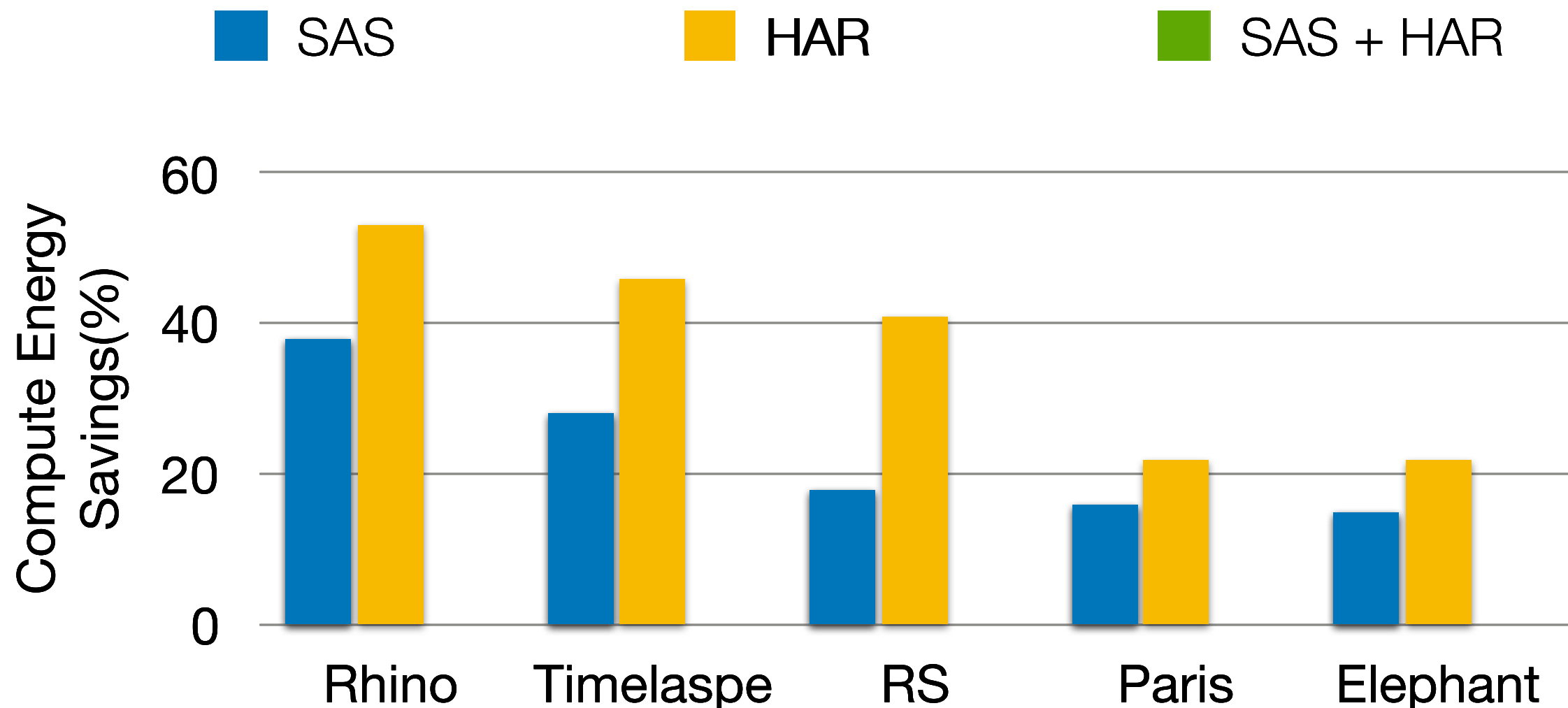
Energy Savings

- ▶ Applying only SAS achieves ~22% energy reduction



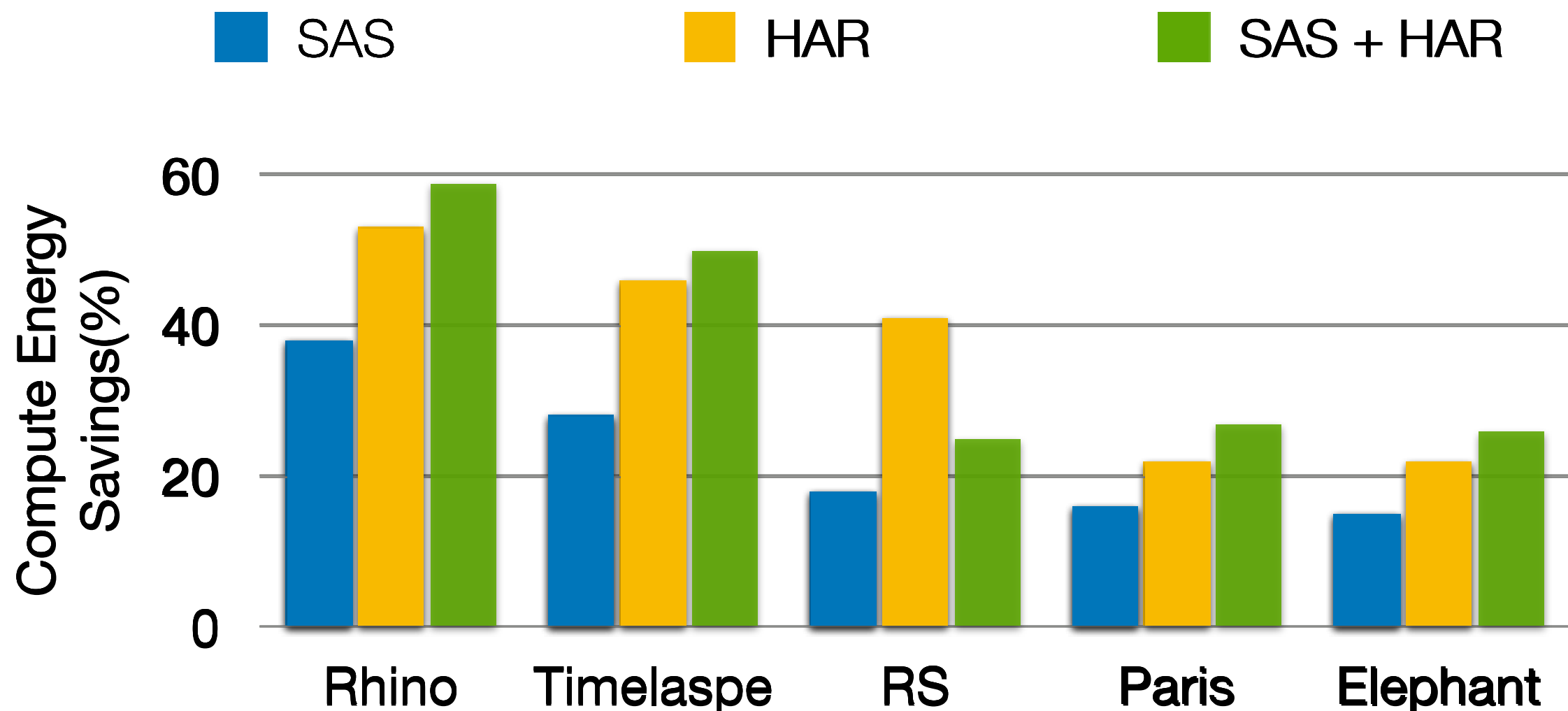
Energy Savings

- ▶ Applying only SAS achieves ~22% energy reduction
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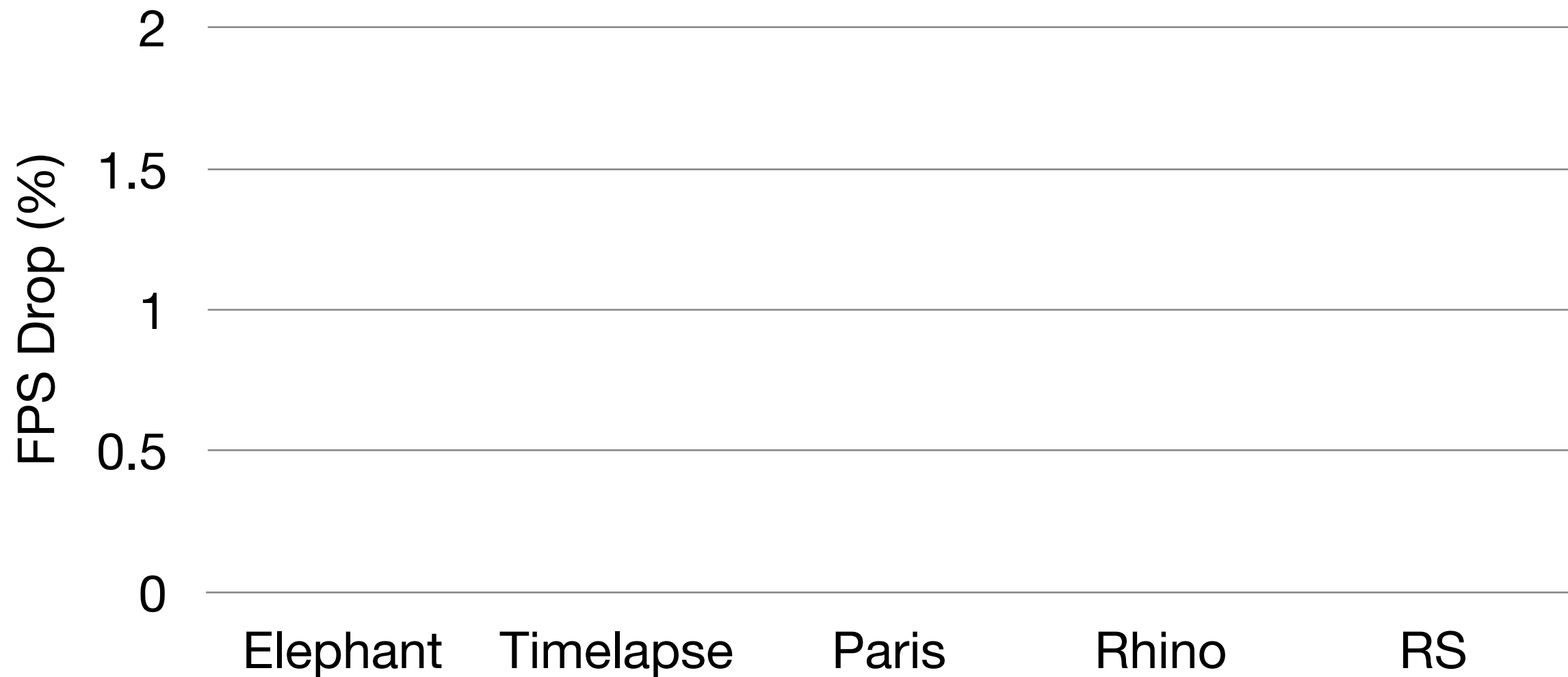


Energy Savings

- ▶ Applying only SAS achieves ~22% energy reduction
- ▶ Applying only HAR achieves ~38% energy reduction
- ▶ SAS + HAR save up to 58% and ~41% energy

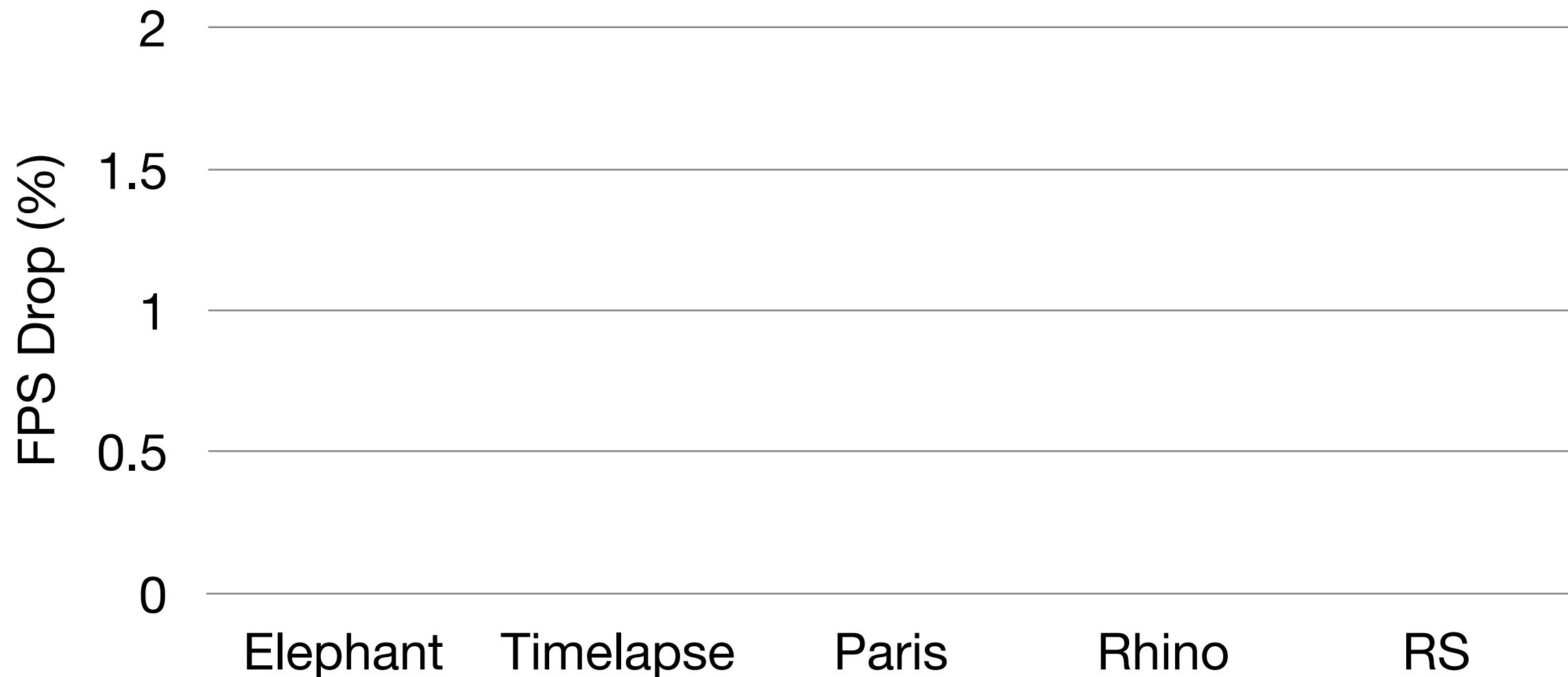


User Experience Loss



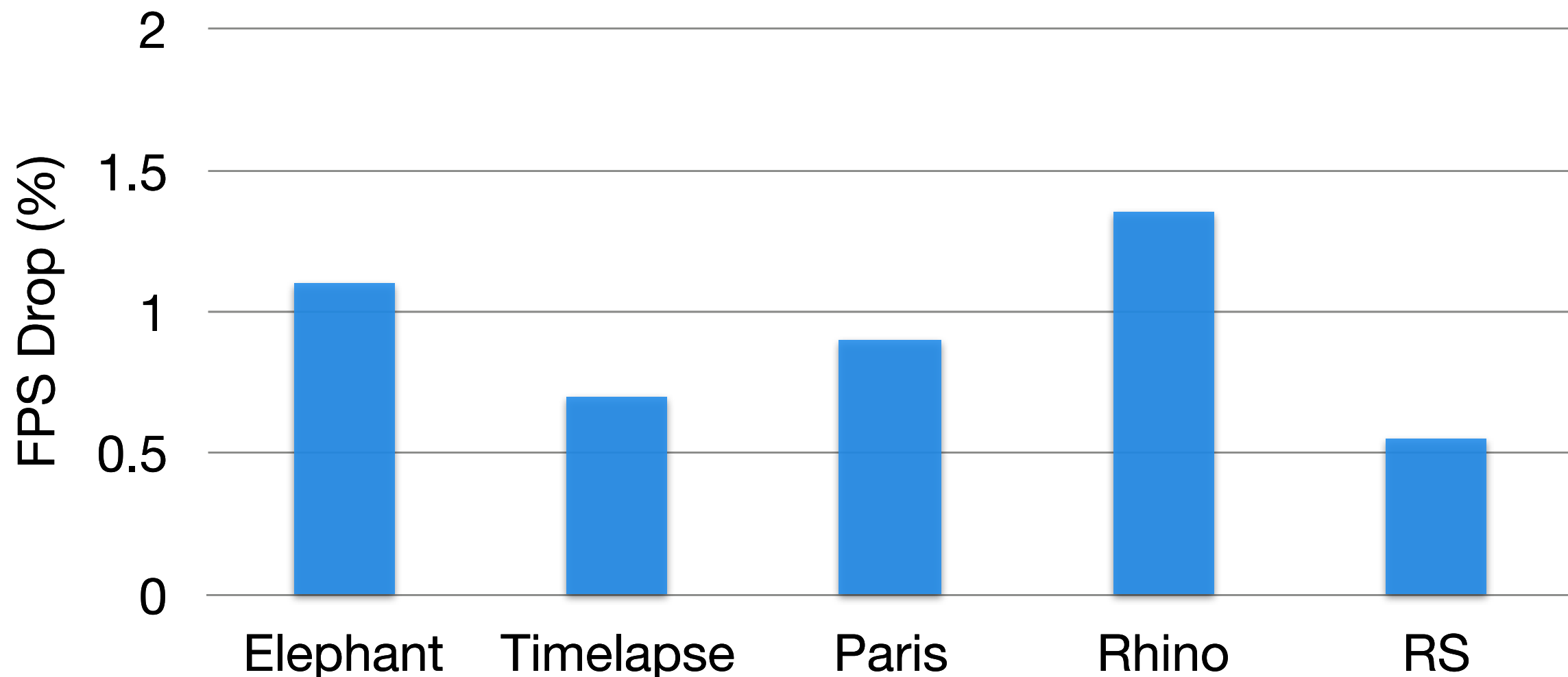
User Experience Loss

- ▶ SAS introduce a FOV-miss rate of $\sim 7.7\%$



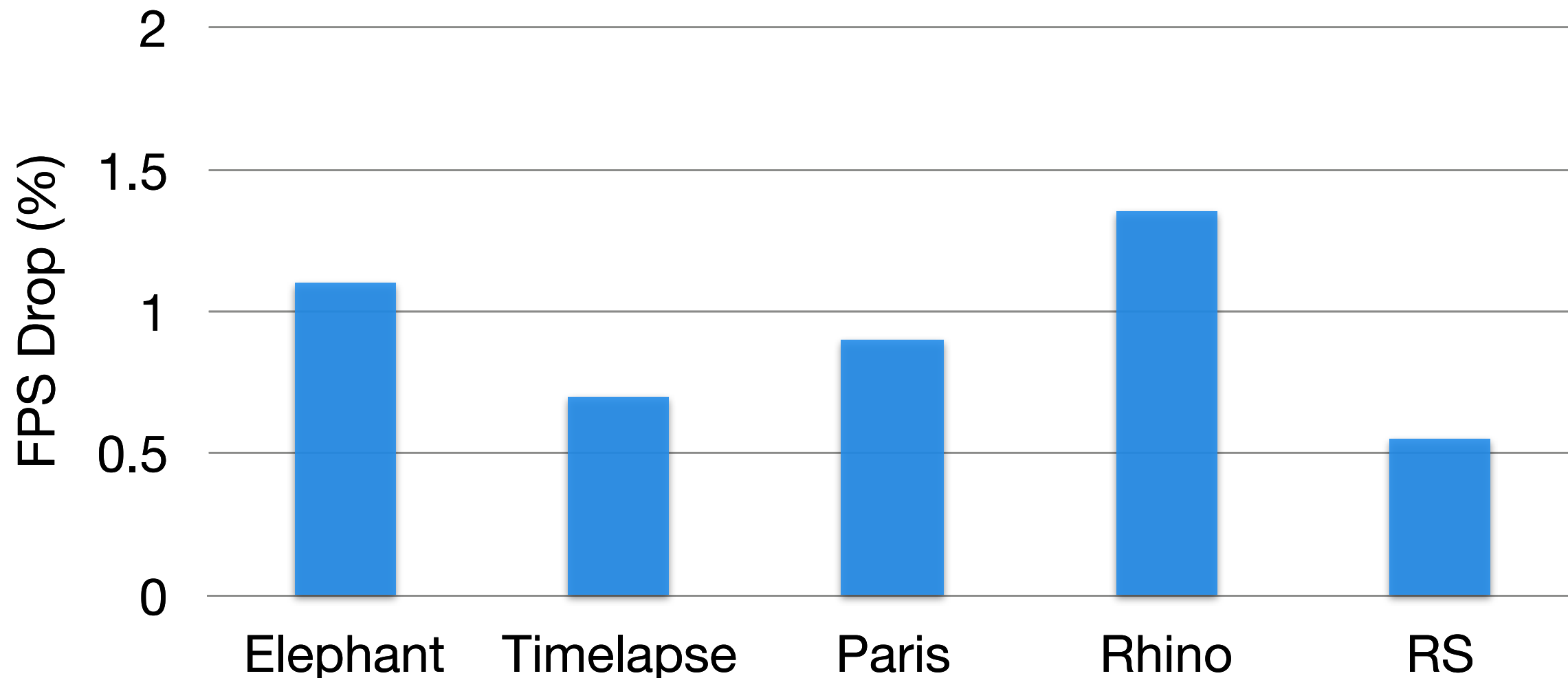
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- ▶ SAS introduce a FOV-miss rate of $\sim 7.7\%$
- ▶ FPS drops only $\sim 1\%$
- ▶ Loss is negligible by users

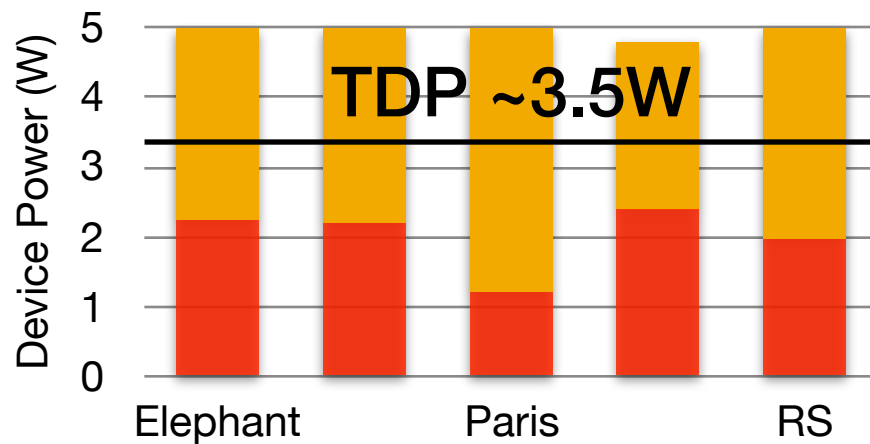


Conclusion



- ▶ Virtual reality popularity is growing rapidly

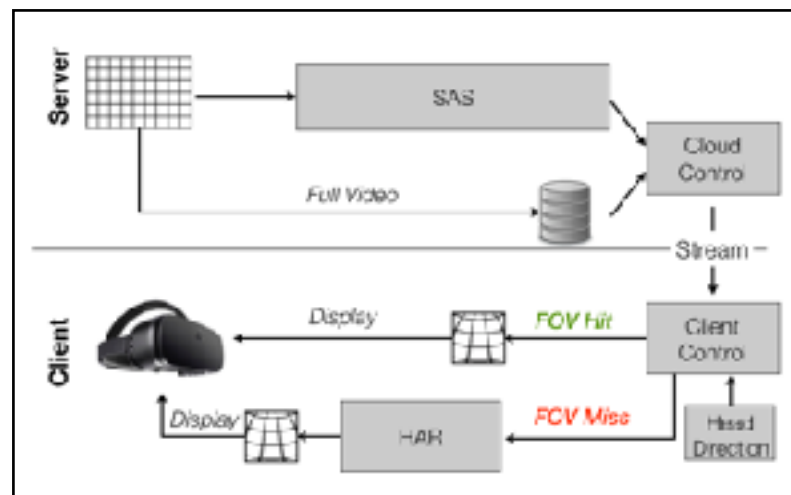
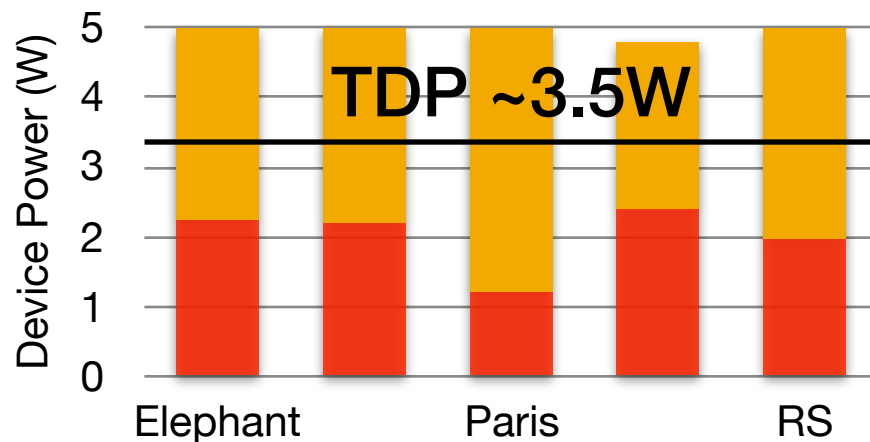
Conclusion



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► Virtual reality devices consume excessive power

Conclusion



► Virtual reality popularity is growing rapidly

► Virtual reality devices consume excessive power

► EVR saves up 58% of energy

▷ Semantic Aware Streaming

▷ Hardware Accelerated Rendering